Gettysburg Compiler.

99TH YEAR | GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1917 | NO. 36

WHAT WAR MEANS TO U. S.

THE DUTY OF THE CITIZENS TO SUPPORT COUNTRY.

President Wilson Issues Proclamation to Help All to See How to Give Their Best Services.

My Fellow Countrymen:

The entrance of our own beloved country into the grim and terrible war for democracy and human rights which has shaken the world creates so many problems of national life and action which call for immediate consideration and settlement that I hope you will permit me to address to you a few words of earnest counsel and appeal with regard to them.

We are rapidly putting our navy upon an effective war footing and are about to create and equip a great army, but these are the simplest parts of the great task to which we have addressed ourselves. **There is not a single selfish element, so far as I can see, in the cause we are fighting for.** We are fighting for what we believe to be the rights of mankind and for the future peace and security of the world.

To do this great thing worthily and successfully we must devote ourselves to the service without regard to profit or material advantage and with an energy and intelligence that will rise to the level of the enterprise itself. We must realize to the full how great the task is and how many things, how many kinds and elements of capacity and service and self-sacrifice it involves.

What Citizens Must Do.

These, then, are the things we must do and do well, besides fighting—the things without which mere fighting would be fruitless:

We must supply abundant food, for ourselves and for our armies and our seamen not only but also for a large part of the nations with whom we have made common cause, in whose support and by whose sides we shall be fighting.

We must supply ships by the hundreds out of our shipyards to carry to the other side of the sea, submarines or no submarines, what will every day be needed there and abundant materials out of our fields and our mines and our factories with which not only to clothe and equip our own forces on land and sea, but also to clothe and support our people for whom the gallant fellows under arms can no longer work: to help clothe and equip the armies with which we are co-operating in Europe, and to keep the looms and manufactories there in raw material; coal to keep the fires going in ships at sea and in the furnaces of hundreds of factories across the sea; steel out of which to make arms and ammunition both here and there; rails for worn out railways back of the fighting fronts; locomotives and rolling stock to take the place of those every day going to pieces; mules, horses, cattle for labor and for military service; everything with which the people of England and France and Italy and Russia have usually supplied themselves, but cannot now afford the men, the materials or the machinery to make.

It is evident to every thinking man that our industry and on the farms, in the shipyards, in the mines, in the factories, must be made more prolific and more efficient than ever, and that they must be more economically managed and better adapted to the particular requirements of our task than they have been; and what I want to say is that the men and the women who devote their thought and their energy to these things will be serving the country and conducting the fight for peace and freedom just as truly and just as effectively as the men on the battlefield or in the trenches.

The industrial forces of the country men and women alike, will be a great national, a great international service army—a notable and honored host engaged in the service of the nation and the world, the efficient friends and saviors of free men everywhere. Thousands, nay hundreds of thousands, of men otherwise liable to military service will of right and of necessity be assigned to the fundamental, sustaining work of the fields and factories and mines, and they will be as much part of the great patriotic forces of the nation as the men under fire.

Nation's Supreme Need Is Foodstuffs

I take the liberty, therefore, of addressing this word to the farmers of the country and to all who work on the farms: The supreme need of our nation and of the nations with which we are co-operating is an abundance of supplies, and especially of foodstuffs. The importance of an adequate food supply, especially for the present year, is superlative. Without abundant food, alike for the armies and the peoples now at war, the whole great enterprise upon which we have embarked will break down and fail.

The world's food reserves are low. Not only during the present emergency but for some time after peace shall come both our own people and a large proportion of the people of Europe must rely upon the harvests in America.

Upon the farmers of this country, therefore, in large measure, rest the fate of the war and of the nations. May the nation not count upon them to omit no step that will increase the production of their land or that will bring about the most effectual co-operation in the sale and distribution of their products. The time is short. It is of the greatest imperative importance that everything possible be done, and done immediately, to make sure of large harvests. I call upon young men and old alike and upon the able-bodied boys of the land to accept and act upon this duty—to turn in hosts to the farms and make certain that no pains and no labor is lacking in this great matter.

I particularly appeal to the farmers of the South to plant abundant foodstuffs as well as cotton. They can show their partiotism in no better or more convincing way than by resisting the great temptation of the present price of cotton and helping, helping upon a great scale, to feed the nation and the peoples everywhere who are fighting for their liberties and for our own. The variety of their crops will be the visible measure of their comprehension of their national duty.

The Government of the United States and the governments of the several States stand ready to co-operate. They will do everything possible to assist farmers in securing an adequate supply of seed, an adequate force of laborers when they are most needed, at harvest time, and the means of expediting shipments of fertilizers and farm machinery, as well as of the crops themselves when harvested. The course of trade shall be as unhampered as it is possible to make it and there shall be no unwarranted manipulation of the nation's food supply by those who handle it on its way to the consumer. This is our opportunity to demonstrate the efficiency of a great democracy and we shall not fall short of it!

To Producers and Handlers of Necessities.

This let me say to the middlemen of every sort, whether they are handling our foodstuffs or our raw materials of manufacture or the products of our mills and factories: The eyes of the country will be especially upon you. This is your opportunity for signal service, efficient and disinterested. The country expects you, as it expects all others, to forego unusual profits, to organize and expedite shipments of supplies of every kind, but especially of food, with an eye to the service you are rendering and in the spirit of those who enlist in the ranks, for the people, not for themselves. I shall confidently expect you to deserve and win the confidence of people of every sort and station.

To the men who run the railways of the country, whether they be managers or operative employes, let me say that the railways are the arteries of the nation's life, and that upon them rests the immense responsibility of seeing to it that those arteries suffer no obstruction of any kind, no inefficiency or slackened power.

To the merchant let me suggest the motto, "Small profits and quick service"; and to the shipbuilder the thought thot the life of the war depends upon him. The food and the war supplies must be carried across the seas no matter how many ships are sent to the bottom. The places of those that go down must be supplied and supplied at once.

To the miner let me say that he stands where the farmer does. The work of the world waits on him. If he slackens or fails, armies and statesmen are helpless. He also is enlisted in the great service army.

The manufacturer does not need to be told, I hope, that the nation looks to him to speed and perfect every process; and I want only to remind his employes that their service is absolutely indispensable and is counted on by every man who loves the country and its liberties.

All Speak, Act and Serve Together.

Let me suggest also that every one who creates or cultivates a garden helps greatly to solve the problem of feeding the nations; and that every housewife who practices strict economy puts herself in the ranks of those who serve the nation.

This is the time for America to correct her unpardonable fault of wastefulness and extravagance. Let every man and every woman assume the duty of careful, provident use and expenditures as a public duty, as a dictate of patriotism which no one can expect to be excused or forgiven for ignoring.

In the hope that this statement of needs of the nation and of the world in this hour of supreme crisis may stimulate those to whom it comes and remind all who need reminder of the solemn duties of a time such as the world has never seen before, I beg that all editors and publishers everywhere will give as prominent publication and as wide circulation as possible to this appeal. I venture to suggest also to advertising agencies that they would perhaps render a very substantial and timely service to the country if they would give it widespread repetition. And I hope that clergymen will not think the theme of it an unworthy or inappropriate subject of comment and homily from their pulpits.

The supreme test of the nation has come. We must all speak, act and serve together.

WOODROW WILSON.

—John Slaybaugh, who is employed at Eddystone, has returned to that place after spending several weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Slaybaugh, Springs avenue.

PARENT-TEACHERS MEETING

HOME AND SCHOOL BANNER WON BY MISS STOOPS' SCHOOL

The Meeting Was Attended by a Big Delegation of Visitors from Hanover.

The April Parent Teachers' Meeting on last Friday evening was a most successful one. The room was crowded and there were many visitors from Hanover and elsewhere. An account of the meeting from the Hanover "Sun" will show ourselves "as Ithers see us."

The program, which was both interesting and varied, consisted of instrumental selections, recitations and songs. The Rev. Paul R. Pontius, pastor of the Gettysburg Reformed Church, the principal speaker of the evening, delivered an able address on "Moral Training in the Public Schoools." Mrs. J. W. Prickett, of the Arendtsville Association, also spoke.

A feature of the program was the singing of a patriotic air by a male quartet at the conclusion of which a big American flag was unfurled by a member of the lower grades of the school.

Mrs. H. M. Roth, the president of the Gettysburg Association, at the conclusion of the program, invited Professor Gortner to make an address. In fitting words he thanked the Gettysburg Association for the great pleasure afforded the Hanover Association and expressed a keen appreciation of the aid which had been given Hanover by a number of members of the Gettysburg organization in forming the local association. Mrs. Joseph R. Cornman, who was also called upon to make an address, responded graciously and in a modest way said: "We came here out of curiosity,—a curiosity which has been most pleasantly gratified. We feel that we have again received encouragement and cheer, and the great good which a Parent-Teacher Association can do is clearly manifest here, and cannot be measured in terms of mere dollars and cents. We like what Mr. Pontius suggested,—the filling of the child's mind with good impressions,—a factor of infinite value to the adolescent boy and girl.

One of the most interesting features of the evening, to the Hanover guests, perhaps, was the report of the Visiting Committee of the Gettysburg Association, presented by Mrs. Wm. Arch. McClean. She stated that a number of the tools in the Manual Training Department were in need of repair and the Association immediately voted ten dollars for that purpose. She reported the need of screens for the Domestic Science Department, five dollars being voted by the Association for same. She also reported the replacing of good for inferior blackboards in one of the lower grades.

Another happy feature was the brief mention by Mrs. Roth, the president, of a course dinner given just preceding the meeting, to the officers of the Association, by the Domestic Science Department, a dinner which was simple yet perfect in detail.—served by five members of the Sophomore class,—one of them was hostess, another waitress and the other three with the teacher prepared the menu in the kitchen.

The meeting was closed with a contest which was unique. Parents in the audience whose children were members of the various grades listed in chalk on the blackboard, responded to a roll call and the grade which had the largest representation of parents in attendance won the "Home and School" banner for the month and each member was given a tiny flag. Keen rivalry was shown, which was appreciated by teachers, parents and children, as many happy smiles plainly showed.

Before the Hanover party departed the officers and teachers in the Association showed the visitors their Domestic Science Department.—a department of which they may well be proud. A neat doily was on the table in the tastefully furnished dining-room, on which was set a bouquet of daffodils,—the table decoration for the dinner party served before the meeting.

The Hanover party was arranged by Mrs. Joseph R. Cornman, President and Miss Mary Dusman Secretary of the recently formed Parent-Teachers' Association of Hanover, and Superintendent O. C. Gortner, and composed in part of the following:

Supt. Olen C. Gortner, Charles H. Richter, W. A. Pitts, Mrs. C. M. Wolff, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Cornman, H. M. Rudisill, Gemmill Moul, Harry S. Ehrhart, J. Calvin Frey, Mrs. Oliver Trone, the Misses Olive Ryder, Mary Dusman, Margaret Overholtzer, Hazel and Isabel Rudisill, Mary Kump, Edna Baer, Helen Blettner, Ruth and Alice Sell, Anna Gobrecht, Grace Gortner, Myrna Brockley, Edna and Mae Baughman, Juliet Hostetter, Elizabeth Wentz, Florence Straley, Mary Emlet, Mary Zinn, Alliene Dechant, Mabel Kintzing, Iva Rudisill and Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Stock.

The excellent address of Rev. Pontius will be found entire on second page.

Clean White Rags wanted at this office, 5cts per pound.

PERSONAL POINTS OF VIEW

COMINGS AND GOINGS INTO AND OUT OF THE TOWN.

Social and Other Individual Happenings and Other Local Items of Interest.

—Mrs. E. A. Chamberlin and child who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Speese, Hanover street, for several weeks, have gone to their new home at Lafayette Hill, Pa. Mr. Speese is spending several days with them.

—Russel Paxton of Philadelphia spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Paxton, West High street.

—Mrs. L. L. Sieber and Miss Jeanne Sieber have returned to their home on West Middle street after spending six weeks with relatives at Roanoke, Va.

—Mrs. John A. Mickley and grandson, Chambersburg street, spent Sunday as the guests of friends in Biglerville.

—Miss Stella Raffensperger, East Middle street, spent Sunday as the guest of Rev. and Mrs. Roy V. Derr at their home in Burnham, Pa.

—Miss Mary Duttera of Spring Grove, visited her mother, Mrs. W. S. Duttera, Baltimore street, over Sunday.

—Miss Mary McConaughy has returned to Baltimore after spending two weeks at the home of Miss E. M. McClean, East Middle street.

—Mrs. Harry Althoff of Atlantic City, and Miss Alice Martin of South Bethlehem, are spending several weeks with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Martin, Baltimore street.

—Miss Anna Gilliland has returned to her home on Carlisle street after spending several weeks with relatives in Pittsburgh and State College.

—Rev. and Mrs. Edgar Miller have returned to their home at Columbia after spending a week with Mrs. M. Valentine, Springs avenue.

—C. Tyson Tipton and J. A. Holtzworth have gone to Eddystone, Pa., where they have secured employment.

—Mrs. Anna Tate of Philadelphia, formerly of Gettysburg, is spending some time with friends in town.

—Rev. and Mrs. J. Harry Musselman of Millersburg are visiting Mrs. Harriet Toot at her home on Baltimore street.

—Mrs. George Ramer and grandson Francis have returned to their home in Harrisburg after visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Martin, Baltmore street.

—Prof. and Mrs. Fred Troxell and daughter have returned to Steelton after a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Troxell, Hanover street.

—Mrs. Edward Eckenrode and three children of Harrisburg are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Brinkerhoff, Baltimore St.

—Capt. Cyprian McSherry of Silver City, New Mexico, visited at the home of Wm. McSherry, Esq., Baltimore street, for several days this week.

—Miss Nina Crapster, Carlisle St., is visiting friends in Philadelpha.

—Thursday's Philadelphia "Ledger" contained a picture of the Rev. L. M. Gardner of York Springs, one of the series being run by that paper of persons in Pennsylvania, Delaware and New Jersey who were born in 1836, the year the "Ledger" was founded, or earlier. Rev. Gardner has the distinction of being the oldest member of the Baltimore M. E. Conference both in age and service, having been a member of that body for sixty-three years.

—Dr. J. A. Singmaster delivered an address on Monday evening in St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, York. This congregation is celebrating its tenth anniversary with a week of services. The pastor, the Rev. M. R. Hamscher, is a graduate of both College and Seminary here.

—Howard Shaffer, York street, was taken to a Philadelphia hospital on Tuesday where he will receive treatment for a form of kidney trouble.

—Rev. and Mrs. George N. Lauffer of Steelton are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Robert Myers. In the absence of Rev. Lauffer the Rev. C. F. Sanders of Broadway, will occupy the pulpit of St. John's Lutheran Church, Steelton.

—State officers of the order of the Knights of Pythias were in town on Friday making arrangements for their State convention which will be held here August 21, 22, 23. The attendance will probably be about 500 and will include the regular order and the ladies' auxiliary.

—Rev. and Mrs. Robert E. Peterman of Hicksville, Long Island, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Adams, Seminary Ridge. Rev. and Mrs. Peterman are enjoying a delightful surprise given them by their congregation, having been voted a ten days' vacation with a purse of money to defray their expenses while away.

—Mr. and Mrs. James McKee of Cuba, N. Y., spent this week at the home of David Troxell, York street. Mr. and Mrs. McKee are on their way home from Tampa, Fla., where they have been spending the winter. Mr. and Mrs. McKee have been making this annual pilgrimage for almost fifty years.

—Rev. William R. Glen, East High street, is a member of the executive committee of the Conference Branch C. E. of the United Brethren Church, which met in Hanover last Saturday to complete arrangements for the convention of that organization which will be held in Hanover June 19th to 21st.

—The county Spelling Bee will be held on Saturday at 9 a. m. and 1 p. m. in the High School Building instead of in the Court House on account of regular current business court being scheduled for that day.

—The annual convention of the College Presidents' Association of Pennsylvania will be held this year in Gettysburg on Friday and Saturday, May 11-12 in Brua Chapel. The program will include besides the regular business sessions a dinner in the dining hall at the Academy and a tour of the Battlefield.

—Mrs. Harry C. Sanders, West Middle street, has gone to Wernersville to spend some time.

—Hon. D. C. Rudisill voted for the bill for a constitutional amendment providing for woman suffrage. He was absent when vote was taken on bill to abolish death penalty.

—Announcement has been made in the York office of the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania that B. H. Overpeck, local manager of the company has been advanced to the position of District Manager at Greensburg, Pa. Mr. Overpeck has been unusually successful in his career with the telephone company and well deserves his advancement. In January 1911 he began his work with the company as a salesman at Harrisburg. In December of that year he was made local manager of the Chambersburg District. He remained in this position until the fall of 1915 when he was transferred to York as the local manager of the York-Adams District. Mr. Overpeck has greatly increased his company's business in this district and has made many frends by his courteous attention. He will leave for Greensburg about May 1st, at which time he will be succeeded here by F. W. Stahlberger, who is at present local manager of the Chambersburg District.

—Wilbur Myers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Gervue Myers, North Stratton street, better known as "Pete," is the first Gettysburg boy to enter Uncle Sam's Navy during the present emergency. "Pete" went to York on Monday where he passed the physical test and went on to League Island Navy Yard for the final examination. After successfully qualifying there he was sent to Norfolk, Va., where he will go into regular training. "Pete" is a printer by trade and at the time of his enlistment was one of the Compiler force.

—The County Commissioners at their meeting on Tuesday had for their inspection plans of Mr. Williams of York, a bridge engineer, for the new concrete bridge over the Conowago Creek just this side of New Oxford on the Lincoln Way. The Commissioners have sent for an official of the State Water Supply Commission to ratify the plans. The Commissioners are anxious to have the structure completed as soon as possible and when the plans have the State's approval it is likely work will begin immediately. The plans call for a triple arch bridge of reinforced concrete, built level with the road in order to do away with the high center arch which makes the present bridge dangerous on account of obscuring the road to traffic approaching from either side.

Reopening of Presbyterian Church.

The Presbyterian Church will reopen on this Sunday morning after being closed for some time while extensive repairs were made to the inside of the building and a brick vestibule added to the exterior. The rededication will be celebrated with the following special services:

Sunday, April 22nd.

Sunday Schol 9.15 a. m.; Morning Worship, with Dedicatory Service, 10.30 a. m., conducted by the pastor; Christian Endeavor Union Meeting 6.30 p. m., Senior and Junior Societies, subject, "Love and Reverence for Our Church." A special invitation is extended to every one who has ever been a member of either society. Evening Worship, 7.30 p. m., sermon by Rev. David W. Woods.

Wednesday, April 25th.

Prayer of Gratitude and Thanksgiving, 7.30 p. m., led by the pastor, and followed by a social hour.

Thursday, April 26th.

Community Meeting, 7.30 p. m., with remarks by pastors of the local churches. All local congregations are especially invited.

Sunday, April 29th.

Morning Worship, 10.30 a. m., subject, "Reconsecration of the Congregation"; Evening Worship, 7.30 p. m., an evening of praise.

The following is an approximate statement of the work done and its cost:

Pews	$1095.00
Hardwood floor	515.00
New lighting system throughout building	260.00
Furnace	155.00
Decorating interior of church	325.00
Carpet for aisles and pulpit	235.00
Erection of brick vestibule	550.00
Incidentals	19.00
Total	$3150.00
Amt. in hand and subscribed	2350.00
Amt. not provided when the above statement was made April 14, 1917	$ 800.00

Since that time, however, a number of the congregation have undertaken to reduce this balance and it is expected by Sunday that it will be considerably diminished.

RED CROSS SOCIETY FORMED

STARTS WITH A MEMBERSHIP PUTTING $300 IN TREASURY.

H. T. Weaver is Elected President of the Gettysburg Chapter of the American Red Cross Society.

Gettysburg people filled the Court House on Tuesday evening, April 17, for the purpose of organizing a Gettysburg Chapter of the American Red Cross Society. Dr. Charles H. Huber acted as temporary chairman in calling the meeting to order and briefly outlined the duty and fitness in this historic spot of a response to President Wilson's call upon every man, woman, and child to help until the war has been brought to a victorious and successful close. He asked our people to determine the question whether a Red Cross Society should be organized. By a unanimous vote organization was determined and a nominating committee was named consisting of Rev. Herbert C. Alleman, John Reed Scott, and Norman S. Heindel. This committee reported the following permanent officers who were duly elected: President, H. T. Weaver; Vice President, Mrs. D. P. McPherson; Secretary, Mrs. Elsie Singmaster Lewars; Treasurer, Chas. W. Stock; Executive Committee, Dr. J. McCrea Dickson, C. S. Reaser, Mrs. E. H. True, Mrs. Helen Keith, the Rev. W. R. Glen, Mrs. Clyde Stover, and Mrs. W. A. McClean.

Mr. H. T. Weaver, taking the chair, called upon Dr. Singmaster to make a statement of the purposes of the organization.

Dr. Singmaster outlined clearly the aims and purposes of the American Red Cross and the manner in which its funds were used. He told of its approval by Act of Congress in 1905 and of the fact that annually it makes a report to the Secretary of War. The relief of distress was not only in war but in all general calamities. There are six classes of members: those who pay $1.00 per year and are called subscribing members; those who pay $2.00 per year and are called contributing members; those who contribute $5.00 annually; those who subscribe $10.00 and are called sustaining members; life members who pay $25.00; patron members, who contribute $100.

Major F. L. Graham, who is directing the military work at college, told of the great good done by the Red Cross in the army and of examples of this which he had seen in Cuba during the Spanish-American War.

Rev. J. B. Baker made the concluding address, and with a stirring patriotic appeal called for a liberal support of the Red Cross in Gettysburg to help this country.

Music was given by a quartet composed of M. R. Remmel, Rev. F. E. Taylor, Eugene Philips, and A. Z. Rogers, and the meeting closed with singing the "Star Spangled Banner."

Our people then went forward and enrolled themselves as members. Six life members were enrolled and over $300 has been paid into the treasury, one half of which goes to the National Organization and the other half remains in the local treasury for the work to be done here.

This is a movement in which our people will be so interested that it is believed no canvas for members will be necessary. The dues can be handed the treasurer or anyone connected with the organization.

A meeting of the executive committee was called for Friday evening, when they will meet at the home of Mrs. Wm. Arch. McClean at 7 o'clock.

Scholar Killed in Battle.

Dr. Caspar Rene Gregory who delivered the Holman Lecture at Gettysburg Theological Seminary in 1912 fell in battle for the German cause April 9, 1917. He had been the professor of theology in Leipsic University and went into the army at 68 and celebrated his 70th birthday at the front last November as a sergeant major. He had reached rank of lieutenant when killed. He wrote his own death notice as follows:

"Caspar Rene Gregory, professor, Leipsic University, fell in battle for the German cause, April 9, 1917. His family must not wear mourning nor lament his loss, but should be happy he is resting in God. Visits of condolence orght to be omitted. He extends hearty farewell and hopeful auf wiedersehn to all his friends and acquaintances."

Dr. Gregory's penmanship was most unusual, in fact it was a curiosity. His Holman lecture published in the "Lutheran Quarterly" occupied 19 pages of that review, containing 8000 words, yet the entire manuscript was on 5 pieces of paper 8 by 6 and written only on one side of the paper. The writing was very tiny but each letter very distinct. The manuscript was put in type at the Compiler Office.

WANTED—A middle aged man and wife without children to live with three ladies. The wife to do the cooking and assist in house work. The man to care for the garden, lawn, etc. Combined wages $50.00 per month and keep. Only sober and industrious persons of good character need apply. Address,

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Clean White Rags wanted at this office, 5 cts per pound.

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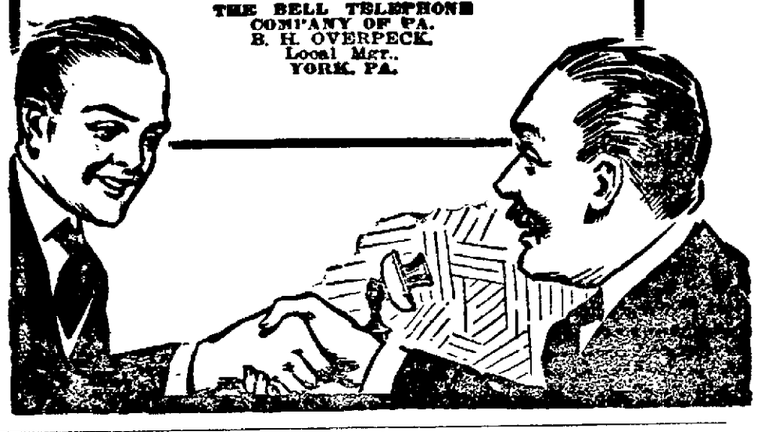
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First you're called by a man who believes that gruffness and impatience bespeak the real man of business. From his introductory "hello" to his curt "good-bye" you've a growing resentment of his manner.

Then a second call! This man identifies himself at once, venturing a "good morning," perhaps. There's a note of geniality in his voice. Without overdoing it, he seems to hold out his hand to you.

Can it be summed up better than that *Courtesy Pays?*

THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF PA.
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DEATHS.

(Continued from page 1)

from apoplexy, aged 72 years, 2 months and 15 days. She was formerly a Miss Bowers and her husband died about 16 years ago. The funearl was held from her late home on Monday by Rev. F. C. Sternat, interment in the Lutheran Cemetery, Abbottstown.

John Tempest Moul, who has been an invalid for the past two years from tuberculosis, died on Sunday forenoon at the Moul homestead in Paradise township, York county, where his parents, the late Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Moul resided tor fifty years. He was aged 44 years, 3 months and 20 days and well known in the eastern end of county. Mr. Moul is survived by his wife, nee Kunkle, one daughter Annie, at home, and one brother, Wm. E. Moul of Carlin, Nevada. The funeral was held on Monday, services by his pastor, Rev. F. C. Sternat, interment in Union Cemetery, East Berlin.

Caryl A. Grammer, a former resident of Gettysburg, died in Philadelphia Wednesday, following an operation for appendicitis at the Hahneman Hospital. He was aged 30 years. He was a son of the late George L. H. Grammer, ex-Prothonotary of Adams county. The family resided in Gettysburg until about fifteen years ago, when they moved to Philadelphia. Caryl Grammer was a graduate of the Philadelphia Textile School in the year 1907. Following this he taught school and later entered the cotton yarn business with C. M. Plowman & Co., of Philadelphia. He was very successful, having been made a member of the firm the first of the year. He is survived by a widow and one son.

Edgar Sneeringer died at his home in Oxford township near Irishtown, Thursday evening of last week at the age of 53 years from pneumonia. He was a son of the late Carroll Sneeringer and was born in the vicinity in which his death occurred. He followed farming all his life. He is survived by his wife, who was formerly Miss Mary Smith, a daughter of the late Henry J. Smith of Oxford township, and four children: Misses Regina, Bertha and Anna Smith, and Carroll Smith, all at home. One brother William Sneeringer, who has made his home with him, also survives. The funeral was held Monday from Conewago Chapel by the Rev. Fr. Koch, interment in Chapel Cemetery.

Joseph D. Adams, a highly respected citizen of Midway, died in Hanover on Thursday at the age of 78 years, 8 months and 10 days. Prior to his illness he returned from the Union Protestant Infirmary, Baltimore, where he was a patient for ten weeks and where he underwent an operation for bladder trouble, from which he had fully recovered. He was a blacksmith by trade and for a period of twenty-three years conducted a shop at Pennville, near Hanover. He retired from the business ten years ago and moved to Midway. In 1859 he was married to Miss Mary Lawrence, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. George Lawrence of Irishtown, who died two years ago. The deceased is survived by four daughters, Mrs. Emanuel Bowers of Midway, Mrs. Charles Webster of Smyersburg, Md., Mrs. George Reese and Mrs. Aloysius Small of McSherrystown, and three sons, George Adams, Joseph Adams, and Harry I. Adams of Hanover, with whom he made his home. Two brothers, George Adams of York, and William Adams of Hanover, three sisters, Mrs. David Rutters of McSherrystown, Mrs. Daniel Winters of New Chester and Mrs. Agnes Sourber, of Montana. The funeral will be held on Saturday at 10 a. m.

Julia A. Emsey Paull, wife of Rev. H. E. Paull, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. M. Cardner at Uriah, on Tuesday after an illness of one week from asthma, aged 78 years and 10 months. Mrs. Paull was the last surviving member of Marcellus and Rebecca Emsey of Maryland. She had many friends in this and adjoining counties. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Paull celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary June 12, 1912, at Mt. Holly Springs. She leaves her husband and the following children: Mrs. C. E. Baker of Boiling Springs, Howard M. Paull of Waynesboro, Mrs. B. F. Bretz of Steelton, Jesse D. Paull of Miriam, Ind., F. W. Paull of Harrisburg, Robert E. Paull of Highspire, and Mrs. C. M. Gardner, with whom she lived. Funeral services on Friday with interment in Mt. Holly Springs Cemetery.

Mrs. Minnie Lucinda Zumbrum, widow of the late Lewis Zumbrum, died on Monday in Hanover aged 62 years, 6 months and 7 days. She was born in Germany, was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Brumgard. When three years of age her parents came to this country, landing in Baltimore, from which city they moved to near St. Bartholomew's Church. Fourteen years ago she moved to Midway. Her husband died in 1894. She is survived by the following children: David Zumbrum of Norristown, Miss Lovey Zumbrum of West Manheim township, York county, and Jacob and William Zumbrum at home. One step-sister, Mrs. Henry Bechtel, and two step-brothers, John Brumgard of near St. Bartholomew's Church and George Brumgard of Littlestown, also survive. Funeral was held Thursday.

Clement Currens Reaver died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Reaver on South Washington street, Gettysburg, on Tuesday from tuberculosis of the hip. He was aged 4 years, 3 months and 4 days. He leaves his parents, three sisters and a brother, Pauline, Edna, Beulah, and Ezra Reaver. Funeral on Thursday by Rev. J. B. Baker, interment in Evergreen Cemetery.

Miss Emma Barnes died at her home at Aram, Adams county, last Saturday morning from apoplexy, aged 37 years, 5 months and 13 days. Miss Barnes resided with her brother Harvey Barnes, in the old homestead. Friday morning when he went to work at the White Pine Sanatorium, he left her in good health. When he returned in the evening he found her standing by the kitchen stove vainly trying to make a fire there. She had been paralyzed and could not taik. He put her to bed and summoned Dr. W. H. Brosius, Mont Alto. Next morning death followed. She leaves these sisters and brothers: Mrs. Nancy Cordell of Tomstown, Mrs. Katherine Swisher of Beuna Vista, Mrs. Amanda Hollingsworth of Waynesboro, Edward Barnes of Rouzerville, and John, William and Harvey Barnes of Aram. The funeral was held on Tuesday with interment in Strang's Cemetery.

Miss Lizzie Houck died at the home of her brother, J. F. Houck, on Friday, April 6, from pneumonia, aged 74 years, 6 months and 14 days. She was born in Tyrone township, a daughter of John and Mary Ann Houck, and lived in Gettysburg the greater part of her life, following millinery here for 45 years. She was taken to the home of her brother about a week before her death. The funeral was held on Monday morning, services by Rev. J. B. Baker, with interment at Heidlersburg. She is survived by one brother, J. F. Houck, of Heidlersburg.

Albert J. Lilly died at Cape Girardeau, Missouri, Monday, March 26, after a lingering illness from tuberculosis, aged about 30 years. The young man was a son of Edward S. Lilly, late of Cape Girardeau, and Mary A. Lilly and a grandson of Jos. and Catherine Reily Lilly, formerly of this county, the late Joseph Lilly having been born and raised at Lilly's Mill, in Conowago township, Adams county. The deceased was engaged with his brother in the flour and grain business. He leaves his mother, six brothers, John, Thomas, Edward, Meredith, Robert and Joseph Lilly. The oldest brother is cashier of a bank in Cape Girardeau and the last named is a student in the Theological Seminary at Perryville, Missouri, and will be ordained a priest in the Christian Mission Order next year.

Rev. Frederick F. Cooper, pastor of Lake Park Lutheran Church of Milwaukee, Wis., died on Tuesday after a brief illness from a heart affection, in his 41st year. He was a native of South Bethlehem, graduated from Muhlenberg College in 1896, and from the Lutheran Theological Seminary at Mt. Airy in 1899, and had served pastorates at South Bethlehem, Lima, Ohio, and Milwaukee. He had been slowly recovering from an attack of pneumonia and the strain of the labor connected with the erection of a new church and had been granted an absence of six months with pay in order to go away and recuperate when overtaken by death. He leaves a wife, who was Miss Rosa M. Richards, a niece of Miss Lilly McClean of this place. Rev. Cooper and wife had frequently visited here. Four young children also survive, William, Mary, Matthias R. and Charles J.

Harry Myers, one of Littlestown's best known citizens, died suddenly Thursday morning aged 57 years and 19 days. He was born in Littlestown, a son of the late Ephraim and Lucinda Myers. He was in the mercantile business the greatest part of his life retiring from the shoe business ten years ago. In 1878 he was married to Miss Alverta Mehring, of Littlestown, who died in 1907. He leaves one daughter, Mrs. Charles H. Duttera, of Littlestown, and three sisters, Mrs. George W. Stoner of Staten Island, N. Y., Mrs. Edmund Sindall of New York City, and Mrs. C. P. Gettier of Litttlestown. The funeral will be held on Saturday with services by his pastor, Rev. W. K. Fleck, interment in the Mt. Carmel Cemetery, Littlestown.

Benjamin K. Atno, of Hotel National, Littlestown, died Wednesday evening at the Polyclinic Hospital, York, from the effects of an operation which he underwent on Tuesday evening for gall stones. Mr. Atno was taken ill two weeks ago, and his condition became serious Tuesday when he was rushed to the hospital by his physician. He was aged about 51 years. He was engaged in the hotel business for about twenty-five years. He went to Hanover five years ago from Netcong, N. J., and last fall purchased the National at Littlestown. He is survived by one son, Clarence Atno, of Hotel National, Littlestown, his mother, Mrs. Malinda Atno, of Landing, N. J., and the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. George Baldus of Dover, N. J., Mrs. Daniel McMickle, of Netcong, N. J., Mrs. Frank Ball of Oakland, Cal., Henry Atno of Landing, N. J., and Elmer Atno of Netcong, N. J. The remains were removed to his late home at Littlestown and will be taken to Hopatcong, N. J., for interment.

ARENDTSVILLE.

The three inches of snow that fell last Sunday night and the cold freezing weather with ice 1-2 inch thick on Tuesday morning, has retarded sowing oats and planting potatoes.

The holy communion service in the morning and the Easter service in the evening held in the Reformed Church on Easter Sunday were both largely attended.

At the Easter service held in the Lutheran Church last Sunday their collection was $100.00.

Mrs. Aaron Freed, who spent the winter in the home of her son, H. E. Freed in Philadelphia has returned again and will spend the summer here.

Miss Daisy V. Yohe, formerly of near this place, but since the death of her father, Jacob Yohe, has her home with her brother, Wm. Yohe, near Shippensburg is visiting among relatives in this section.

Mrs. Sidney Widner spent the winter with her son-in-law Rev. Ira Trostle in Barren Springs, Mich. She has returned to her son-in-law Geo. Myers, where she has her home.

Mrs. Reuben Roth, with her two children, is visiting among relatives in Lancaster.

Mrs. Clara Raffensperger, who has spent the last several months in Gettysburg, and Arnold Raffensperger, a mail clerk in New York City, and George Raffensperger, who has a position in Pittsburgh, spent Easter in their homes here.

Clyde and Luther Lady who is a student in the West Chester Normal School spent Easter in the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram C. Lady.

R. T. Baker, our butcher, has purchased a new automobile wagon to peddle meat.

Harry S. Raffensperger has been reappointed to carry the mail the next four years from Arendtsville to Biglerville.

Miss Mary Roberts entertained the Senior Class of Arendtsville High School of which she is a member, and friends last Saturday evening, in honor of her brother Edwin's 21st birthday. About thirty-five guests were present.

P.

Hit by Falling Tree.

William Baker, 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George Baker of Pleasant street, Hanover, formerly of Hamilton township, who is hired on the farm of Melvin Boger between New Oxford and New Chester was seriously injured Monday while assisting in felling and hauling trees for telephone poles. Young Baker, Mr. Boyer and Chas. Albright, the latter the owner of the tract in the Pigeon Hills, were cutting the timber. Baker and Boyer were hauling the poles with a team while Albright was cutting down the trees when the accident occurred. The high wind toppled a large tree which Mr. Albright was felling in the opposite direction from which it was intended to fall. The woodchopper called to the teamsters to look out and had young Baker remained where he was, he would have escaped injury, but the boy ran and in doing so got directly beneath the trunk of the tree, which struck him across the left leg, causing a compound fracture of the tibia bone. The wound caused the bone to protrude about two inches. Dr. T. C. Miller of Abbottstown was summoned and gave temporary surgical attention, taking the lad to his home in Hanover.

Early : Spring : Bulletin :

BICYCLES

Bicycles are becoming more and more popular because they are so useful. We have them from $25.00 up. You can save this price in a few weeks on your board bill if you are working away from home.

ATHLETIC GOODS

We have a full line of Spalding's Baseball and Tennis goods. Buy now while the line is complete as there is bound to be a shortage later in the season, especially in Tennis goods.

PYREX GLASS BAKING WARE

The popular and widely advertised glass baking ware. Fully guaranteed not to break in the oven or from the heat. We have just received a factory shipment and can supply you with most anything in the catalogue.

DECORATED DINNERWARE

Despite the scarcity of goods we have a big lot of decorated plates, cups and saucers, bowls, jugs, etc. in white and gold and pink decorations.

For the Newly-weds, or those going to housekeeping for the first time we have everything needful in kitchen utensils and hardware, china and porcelain dinner ware in sets or open stock, tubs, washboards, irons, etc. for the laundry.

And remember we give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps with all purchases and the premiums help to furnish the home. A beautiful premium absolutely free with every book full of stamps.

: Gettysburg : Department : Store

If You Need Rugs Within the Next Year---Buy Them Now!

THIS is sound advice, which may be wisely followed by all home furnishers. The present shortage of carpet wool, of jute, of linen, and the higher costs of labor, fuel, power and other items, are forcing manufacturers to increase prices of future shipments. If you need Rugs at once, or next summer or autumn---buy them NOW at present prices. For the information of our customers it is almost unnecessary to say that, irrespective of market conditions, we shall still adhere to the same standards. Our prices always shall be based on actual costs to us---and we shall take advantage of every merchandising opportunity which might be converted to your advantage. Despite unprecedented market conditions our selling of Rugs last month exceeded all previous records for January and February sales. The following Rugs here named we have fair stocks of.

Wool Fiber Rugs	Tapestry	Axminster	Body Brussels
36x72 in.	Small Sizes	9x12	9x12
6x9 ft.	8-3x10-2		
8-3x10-6	9x12		
9x12			

Oil Cloth, Linola and Linoleums. The above remarks hold good in this line as some of the largest manufacturers have withdrawn their lines and the trend of advance and scarcity is sure to be felt this year. We have a fair assortment here at no exorbitant prices

Window Shades. These are higher than last season, but we feel confident we can give you prices that will save you money from prices later on when our present stock is sold

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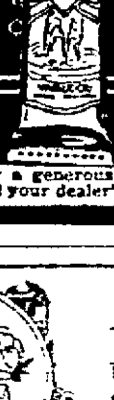
The dragging weight of an unconfined bust so stretches the supporting muscles that the contour of the figure is spoiled.

BIEN JOLIE (BE-AN JO-LEE) BRASSIERES put the bust back where it belongs, prevent the full bust from having the appearance of flabbiness, eliminate the danger of dragging muscles and confine the flesh of the shoulder giving a graceful line to the entire upper body.

They are the daintiest and most serviceable garments imaginable—come in all materials and styles: Cross Back, Hook Front, Surplice, Bandeau, etc. Boned with "Walohn," the rustless boning—permitting washing without removal.

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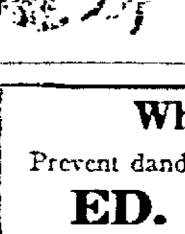
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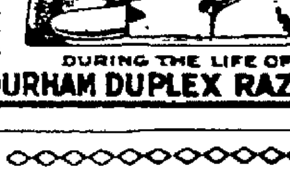
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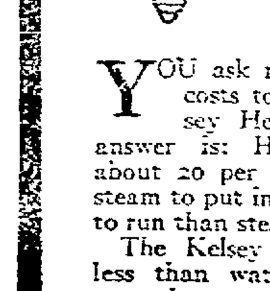
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NOTICE

Letters testamentary on the estate of James Topper, late of Mt. Joy township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

JACOB A. APPLER,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Martin O'Connor, Amanuensis

Why He Loved St. Patrick's Day.

By F. A. MITCHEL

Patrick O'Connor came to America when he was a mere lad and by dint of hard work and perseverance made a fortune. He left a sister in Ireland who married Daniel O'Malley, and she was separated from her brother for many years. He was used to sending her money occasionally, and after awhile, when she had grown older, she would sometimes depute her adopted daughter, Aileen, who was coming to womanhood, to thank her brother for his benefactions. The truth is that the woman had not been very well educated, and Aileen, having more advantages, was better fitted for these replies. As the years rolled by and O'Connor became more and more prosperous it seemed to his sister that his letters showed a better education than at first. The fact is that he turned over a part of his correspondence to his son, Martin, and it occasionally became Martin's part to write these check bearing letters to his aunt, but he wrote them in his father's name.

One day Martin opened the mail in his father's absence and read a letter of thanks for a remittance. It was written in Mrs. O'Malley's name, but Martin saw plainly that it had not been written by her. It bore the impress of a young girl, and a very intelligent girl at that. There was real gratitude in it, and it was overflowing with kindliness as well. It seemed to Martin that an emanation from a lovely girl had been wafted across the ocean and entered his heart.

The next time Mr. O'Connor gave his son a check to send to Mrs. O'Malley Martin wrote a letter which was meant for a reply to the one last received. One not knowing the relationship between the two correspondents would have supposed that it had been written to a girl instead of his aunt. Mrs. O'Malley concluded that her brother was becoming very affectionate in his old age. It was couched in such kindly terms that she commissioned Aileen to express for her her appreciation of her brother's interest in her and assure him that his sister had not lost any of her affection for him during their long separation.

Aileen, feeling that she was writing from a sister to a brother, did not scruple to express all the affection her mother desired she should express for Mr. O'Connor. When the recipient read it he wondered at this unusual demonstration of affection, but set it down to the fact that his sister was growing old and as persons age their affection for those of their own blood ripens. Being a man of business and undemonstrative, he handed the letter to his son and told him to reply in kind.

In this way a correspondence grew up between Martin O'Connor and Aileen, the one writing supposedly to her uncle, the other presumably to his aunt, which grew warmer and warmer till the letters between the brother and sister became almost loverlike.

Whether Martin was really falling in love with his aunt or whether he suspected the old lady had employed an amanuensis doesn't appear, but one thing is certain—the letters he received became in time so affectionate that whenever he saw one delivered by the postman written in the well known hand he appropriated it to himself, and his father never saw it. It is quite likely that Aileen did the same with those letters that came from America.

When love's quicksilver had attained a considerable height Martin began to think that he would like to investigate this aunt of his to whom he was making a semi-brotherly love and see if her earthly part was as beautiful as her soul. He began to express to his father a desire for a trip abroad and especially to visit the green isle where his ancestors had lived and died. He became very pathetic over a plot of ground his father had often described to him where the O'Connors were moldering. An O'Connor had been a bishop, and Martin expressed himself as desirous of visiting the grave of this eminent son of the church.

Mr. O'Connor, much pleased that his son should take this interest in his ancestors, who, by the bye, had from time immemorial been stalwart churchgoers, consented that Martin should go abroad in the early spring, and Martin suggested that it would be well for him to time his visit for St. Patrick's day.

"The very thing," said Mr. O'Connor. "You may attend services on that anniversary in the very church where Bishop O'Connor preached."

Martin sailed early in March, arranging to be with his aunt on the 17th which every one with Irish blood in his veins knows is St. Patrick's day. Before saying goodby to him his father whispered in his ear:

"Be sure to make it plain to your aunt that I'm very fond of her, and all that. You know how to say such things better than I do, and I rely on you to express my feelings."

"Trust me for that, father," said Martin. "I'll do it warmly."

A letter came from the young man postmarked London stating that he was about to leave for the home of the O'Connors the next day. Later a long letter was received describing his meeting with his aunt and how he spent St. Patrick's day. "In company," it said, "with that beloved woman who has written her brother such beautiful letters I attended services, sitting directly under the pulpit where our great Bishop O'Connor preached those soul stirring sermons. Later we visited the plot where the O'Connors are buried, and I sat beside my aunt on a stone beneath which Fergus O'Connor, my great-grandfather, rests. It seemed to me that the family affection for which our ancestors were marked was rising, a sort of ethereal aroma. Something struck a responsive chord in my heart and I felt it a brother. So affected was I that I drew my aunt to me, kissed her and whispered in her ear, 'Dear heart, I bear you all the love that the O'Connors from the day when the first O'Connor spoke of love to our first maternal ancestor.'"

This part of the letter met with an enthusiastic response from Patrick O'Connor and all his family. The good man rejoiced that in his son he had one to make up for his own undemonstrative nature. "I wonder," he said, "that the boy could have felt so much affection for an old woman even though she be his father's sister."

"You forget," said Mrs. O'Connor, "that Martin was expressing your feelings for his aunt."

"You're right," was the reply. "I didn't think of it in that light. Martin is a very good boy and loves me as a son should love a father."

Martin's letters after that all smacked of that St. Patrick's day he had spent with his beloved aunt. Everything that happened seemed to turn upon that eventful anniversary. A package of books came across the ocean from Martin, and every book was on the subject of St. Patrick.

"The boy shows great enthusiasm for his church," said his mother. "Please God he may be a priest."

If the cathedrals Martin visited in company with his aunt was any criterion he bade fair to be an archbishop. He seemed to be forever dawdling about the grounds in which these holy edifices stood, and the depth of his feelings seemed to come through his aunt, who was always exciting in him some pure emotion.

Martin's time abroad was limited. His father, who was getting old, relied much upon him in the conduct of his affairs and wrote him not on any account to overstay his leave. On receipt of this letter Martin wrote that he had grown so fond of his aunt that it had become impossible to tear himself away from her. He would not overstay his leave, but this was because she had consented to go to America with him to visit her dear brother.

Patrick O'Connor was appalled at this. So long as she was absent from him he could satisfy his demonstrative nature through his son, but if she were with him this would devolve upon himself. As to embracing his sister, sitting beside her holding her hand or with his arm around her waist, he could not do so even with his wife. However, he could think of no way to head off his sister's visit and prepared to show as much affection as possible.

It was the month of June when Martin sailed for Ireland. St. Patrick's day had gone by three months before, but March still harped upon it in his letters, and even the month of roses, though it seemed to appeal very strongly to the young man, was no more dear to him than the month of winds and dust. Still, he had written that he would not possibly return till June, and there appeared to be some especial reason for the delay.

There were a good many things about the return of Martin O'Connor that his parents could not understand. In the first place he announced that he had decided since he had been away from home to live thereafter under his own roof tree and to go there as soon as he had reached home. He would take his aunt with him for a housekeeper. The only comfort to be derived by his parents from this was by his father, who was relieved to know that he would not have to sit holding his sister's hand, with an occasional kiss. Martin was the apple of his eye, and, although he was loath to lose the boy from his home, he fitted up a house for him that it might be ready against his return.

Martin arrived in the evening and drove to his bachelor quarters, where the O'Connor family were waiting for him and his aunt. When the front door was opened and Patrick O'Connor saw his sister he exclaimed:

"Upon my word, Nora, you're not a bit older than you were thirty years ago."

"I'm not Nora," she said on throwing her arms about Mr. O'Connor; "I'm Aileen O'Connor, your sister's adopted daughter."

A bewildered look came over the man's face; then an idea seemed to be boring its way into his brain. Turning to his son, he said:

"Mart."

"Well, dad, what is it?"

"What made you suddenly so fond of St. Patrick's day?"

"Well, to tell the truth, dad, in the morning Aileen and I went to mass in the church where Bishop O'Connor once preached, and in the evening we sat on his tomb, I telling her that I loved her and must take her back to America with me as my wife."

"And what's all this about your aunt?"

"You remember that you asked me to answer my aunt's letters to you. Well, Aunt Nora deputed Aileen to reply to the replies. The result was that I fell in love with my aunt and Aileen fell in love with her uncle. And there you are!"

St. Patrick's day is the principal anniversary celebrated in Martin O'Connor's family.

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DIRECT AND INDIRECT METHODS OF MORAL INSTRUCTION.

Rev. Paul R. Pontius' Address to the Parent-Teachers' Association at the April Meeting.

The child lives in a world that is distinctly different from that of the adult. The older person has had experience; the child has had little. The older person has been achieving personality; the child has had little opportunity for that. The older person sees things in the light of their consequences; the child is innocent and does not look very far ahead. The child is full of life and emotion which rush into any channel for an outlet. Yet he is a potential personality, for he has epitomized in him the whole of humanity. Education seeks to mould that becoming personality. Whatever may be our theological ideas about total depravity modern education forms us to admit that no person is totally depraved. "The child is non-moral." His education will either make him moral or immoral. If he is given free sway to all desires and emotions, the chances are that he will become immoral. If his desires and emotions are put in a vise. his character is killed. Whenever the vise is loosened he will likely give free sway to all that has been penned up within him. Education seeks to mould the child that he may realize the highest that is in him. In as much as no man can live unto himself without losing that for which the very words "man" and "manhood" stand. education resolves itself says Dr. Coe, into being the "means of introducing young life to its proper place in the social organism."

This task of achieving a character presents a great problem to the educator, the teacher, the parent. They see that some children have handicaps on others in character formation, better blood, better homes, better culture, better advantages, yet with Plato they realize that the most gifted minds when ill-educated become pre-eminently bad. How is it going to be solved? How can the child best receive moral instruction and training that will assist him in becoming the personality that he should be? "There is no educational subject so much discussed as moral training, and yet there is none in which we are so uncertain as to methods." (Brumbaugh).

The two methods that present themselves are the Direct and the Indirect. The Direct method would have the teacher study with her pupils the problems and laws of ethics. Many advocates of this method think that at least three half hours a week should be set aside in our public schools for short talks on right and wrong. The children's point of view is of course to be taken. The talks are to be conversational,—the children doing most of the talking, the teacher seeing to it that the conversation hinges on the fundamental truth. Lessons of obedience. kindness, self-control, courage, industry, etc., are to be considered and the rules for such conduct memorized.

The Indirect Method would have no set period for the study of ethics but would utilize the material furnished by history, literature and other kindred subjects. It would make no direct reference to right and wrong, but would appeal to the feelings of the pupil by means of their play and environment, etc., thus hoping to bring out the same lessons of the Direct Method in games, in punishment, in history. literature, folklore, mythology, manual training, in dramas and pageants, etc.

But there are "points at issue," in these two methods. Let us think of some of them. Think first of the Direct Method.

One of the points at issue in the making of strong children is that in this task, moral training is a more comprehensive term than moral instruction. Moral training includes moral instruuction. Children in our public schools need to be instructed in order to be trained. Instruction is part of their training. Trainng means the doing of something that efficiency be gained. A child is not supposed to be able to do anything efficiently unless it is instructed. Training is being told how to do something and doing it: instruction is being told how. Moral training. then, would include both the Direct and Indirect methods; while moral instruction as such involves more of the Direct. A football team on a rainy day can go to a small room and there receive instruction from a blackboard talk. Yet the training involves both that and the work on the gridiron. Both are necessary to make a winning team. So it is in the making of characters who are to play the character achieving game or the game on the gridiron of life.

Character, we are told, means connection between mental states and acts. Actions, therefore, cannot be separated from mental states in character formation. Here is where the direct method is weak, for it assumes that "to know right is to do right." The teacher in her direct instruction tries to create a certain mental state in the child, hoping that the impression she makes on the child's mind will be such that when the proper time arises the impression she has made will result in an act. But that does not always work! She thinks the pupils understand clearly what is right. Through moral precepts she hopes for an emotional reaction which will cause the children to want to do what is good. These adherents to the direct method go on the assumption that when the sub-conscious mind is packed, an occasion arising will bring the proper precept into the center of consciousness, and the proper action will be forthcoming. By suggestion and association one good thought, they think, will follow another. With the mind thus occupied there will be little time for evil thoughts and hence no time for evil actions. But life as the child sees it on the street, or possibly in the home, offers too many evil thoughts which by the same laws of suggestion and association which the teacher had hoped to make use of will propagate more evil desires and hence more evil deeds. If the teacher can fill the mind (conscious and subconscious) with none but good thoughts she will have done much toward the making of character. But this is an impossible task.

This subconscious idea sounds very good for a theory, but "facts smile at theories." Too often the emotion simply glides away instead of wearing away. The pupil is in danger of delighting in the emotion only,—just as we do when we are at the theater. Dr. Strayer says, "Morality consists of habits of action; and there is no way to secure habits of action but by action." Moral action to-day leads to easier moral action tomorrow. But it does not necessarily follow that moral thoughts to-day lead to easier moral actions to-forrow. They may; they may not! In the language of Thorndyke, "Men become efficient and decent only by behaving efficiently and decently. To work is the only cure for laziness; to give is the only cure for stinginess; to tell the truth is the only cure for lying." Knowing right does not necessarily mean doing rightly.

If character means connection between mental states and acts. and if moral instruction does not always make that connection, then moral instruction alone cannot make a strong character.

By this it is not meant that moral instruction never results in better conduct! Clarke tells of direct instruction on the subject of goodwill being given in one of the New York schools so effectively that the parents noticed the change in their daughter's conduct at home. The parent inquired and having found that direct moral lessons were being taught on goodwill asked that such lessons be continued.

Dr. Coe—Cruelty to Animals.

The Direct Method shows itself when teachers ask children to take pledges.

The point at issue in the direct method of taking pledges is that freedom is in danger of being lost. The child becomes bound to the pledge rather than to the truth for which the pledge stands. The history of creeds in the Church has proven the truth of this danger. You take something as being true because somebody else said so, not because you expressed the truth yourself. The freedom of the Christian man is killed,—and this is "the very thing that Jesus wanted preserved."

That the mind does influence the body no one would deny. This is what the followers of the Direct Method depend on. And so they make use of the time when the mind is most receptive, viz., at the opening exercises. Custom and law in some of the States demand that there be some kind of opening exercises. These exercises if made to plead up to a certain truth—having a song. quotations. short poems and questions culminating in the central theme,—can be very advantageously used by the Direct Method. This may become wearisome to the child by becoming a task rather than a duty and pleasure. It has the value which lies behind the assertion that "the first impression is the most lasting."

The Incidental Method.

By far the best direct method is the incidental method. In its use there is no stated time for or form of instruction. Whenever the occasion arises the teacher is to "take time out" and give a direct moral talk. This is just what the effective preacher does when he treats a text,—he sees a point. clarifies it and does not let it go until he has drawn his moral lesson from it. Some happening in the school room. some current event or some point in the lesson may furnish material for the sermonette. The pupil's mind has been following a certain line of thought during the lesson and the teacher's moral talk is the climax of the whole lesson. Many of the text-books in our public schools lend themselves to this use of the direct method. Strayer gives utterance to the value of the incidental method when he says that the time to give the precept concerning bravery is when bravery is demanded.

Dictatorialness in Instruction and Punishment.

Another point which is at issue in the use of the direct method is presented by the danger of the teacher becoming to dictatorial in her instruction and punishment. Becoming too dictatorial is a great danger especially when the recitation is not socratic,—the teacher doing all of the talking. In such a case the means defeats the end desired: the method kills the purpose. Dictatorial talking has the danger of creating the impression of infallibility of utterance rather than the infallibility of the truth uttered. Now no teacher can give an infallible utterance to every crisis in life: even if she could the child would never learn them well enough to use them at the right time. Too many other considerations enter into a child act. All lessons should be so well put that the pupil can see the truth clearly and make intelligent choices. Choosing is fundemental in character building, for without the liberty of choice no personality can ever be achieved.

If a teacher becomes dictatorial in her instruction she is in danger of becoming dictatorial in her punishment. She thinks she is teaching a lesson for truth's sake when it will more than likely be taken as a lesson in obedience to her attitude. Here is a great danger in the use of the direct method by a grouchy teacher. Such punishment is not educative. Dr. Cot of Union Seminary, says, "Punishment is educative in proportion as the discomfort of it, seems to the child to be a genuine expression of what he himself is or does, so that desire awakens to overcome the present self and rise to a higher one."

So far we have been dealing with some of the issues which arise in the use of the direct method. We now turn to say somthing about the Indirect.

Child nature seems to me to lend itself more toward the use of the indirect method. A child is all eyes, ears and muscle. He sees lots of things which he is not supposed to see,—he sees the actions of his teacher and parents and imitates them. for what they do is about right. They have become heroes to him. The child hears things he is not supposed to hear. He can hardly control himself enough to sit still five minutes; his muscles must get rid of their stored up energy.

The use of these eyes. ears and muscles present an opportunity for indirect training. Let the teacher and parents, then ,watch their own conduct, for they are living examples of what is right to the child. Then. too, let the room be decorated with pictures, etc., the very sight of which teaches a lesson. Let the school environment be conducive to instruction, for "clean light rooms go along with moral uprightness." In the use of a choice vocabulary, proper conversation, and good music the child hears sounds that are pleasing and good. In play the supra-abundant energy can be spent in games which teach perseverance, self-control. courage in defeat and modesty in victory. "Learning to appreciate the art of joy" is the educational value of play. Manual training throws bodily energy into precision. All of these outlets are in sympathy with the very nature of the child. Then, too, children like to be leaders. Pupil government indirectly makes them intelligent citizens. In mythology and folklore truth is presented as the race saw it in its childhood. History teaches what can be done. In fact in all literature, thought will and feeling is reproduced and is therefore instructive.

In these and in many other ways the Indirect Method seems to be the better method to bring out the latent powers of the child. But the indirect method is not without its drawbacks.

Children do not always grasp intuitively the lesson when it is indirectly given. A child's mind is like a rubber ball,—it is here. there and everywhere. That is true very often even of adults! The intuitions of some children are dull and their minds do not see a point when it is made by the indirect method. It may even be difficult for them to see the truth after it has been taught directly. In such a case the lesson is either poorly taught or else the method is wrong.

We have spoken of the opportunity which the teacher or parent has in giving moral instruction indirectly by example. A danger here gives rise to an issue. Seeing a parent do a certain thing may often cause the child to follow his example by doing the same thing. The child must learn to discriminate. Lack of discrimination is the cause of many a "Why?" and "How's come?" Why does not the parent go to bed at seven o'clock too? Why can't a son smoke a cigar if his father does? Here is a danger when one teaches indirectly by example. The direct method is necessary in such a case.

In teaching, then, an instructor should not confine himself strictly to either the direct or the indirect methods. Life is too varied to hold to one entirely. Both methods would grant that the impressions made should have expression. Each pupil, in the ideal school, would be studied as a separate personality. Wherein he lacks and wherein he excels would thus be found out and the proper method be applied to his case. That method may have to be changed with new experiences. At no time should the individual be compelled to adapt himself to a set and arbitrary method of the teacher. She may be in danger of committing the "psychologists's fallacy." To find out the needs of each pupil a monthly meeting of parents and teachers would be of great value. At these meetings all children should be conspicuous by their absence. Teachers should talk to parents about the good and bad qualities of their children. And it is bad pedagogy to have children about when you discuss their strong and weak points. Unless you discuss the children's needs your parent-teachers' meetings are of little educational value. Home training can aid the teacher in deciding whether a moral lesson should be given by her directly or indirectly.

The object of all education and training is to make the pupil virtuous. Studying a catalogue of virtues like those which Dewey and Clark have planned will never alone gain this desired end. Virtue is not divisible into many virtues(Socrates). "The virtues in a schedule are abstract qualities of the will, not concrete social purposes." (Coe). If by any method whatsoever pupils can see "what men do and why they do it" and then do it themselves when it is necessary, they are on a fair road which will lead to the making of strong characters and a better social order.

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PROCLAMATION ON LOYALTY

WHAT CONSTITUTES TRUE ALLEGIANCE TO UNITED STATES.

Provisions for Punishment of Treason and Defining What Treason Consists In.

The proclamation follows:

"Whereas, all persons in the United States. citizens as well as aliens, should be informed of the penalties which they will incur for any failure to bear true allegiance to the United States.

"Now, therefore, I. Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, hereby issue this proclamation to call especial attention to the following provisions of the Constitution and the laws of the United States:

"Section 3 of Article III of the Constitution provides, in part.

Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort.

Provisions of Criminal Code.

The criminal code of the United States provides:

Section 1. Whoever, owing allegiance to the United States, levies war against them or adheres to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort within the United States or elsewhere, is guilty of treason.

Section 2. Whoever is convicted of treason shall suffer death; or. at the discretion of the Court, shall be imprisoned not less than five years and fined not less than $10,000; to be levied on and collected out of any or all of his property, real and personal, of which he was the owner at the time of committing such treason, any sale or conveyance to the contrary notwithstanding; and every person so convicted of treason shall, moreover, be incapable of holding any office under the United States.

Section 3. Whoever, owing allegiance to the United States and having knowledge of the commission of any treason against them, conceals, and does not, as soon as may be, disclose and make known the same to the President or to some Judge of the United States, or to the Governor or to some Judge or Justice of a particular State, is guilty of misprision of treason and shall be imprisoned not more than seven years and fined not more than one thousand dollars.

Section 6. If two or more persons in any State or Territory, or in any place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, conspire to overthrow, put down, or to destroy by force the Government of the United States, or to levy war against them, or to oppose by force the authority thereof, or by force to prevent, hinder or delay the execution of any law of the United States, or by force to seize .take or possess any property of the United States contrary to the authority thereof, they shall each be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than six years or both.

Definition of the Courts.

The courts of the United States have stated the following acts to be treasonable.

The use or attempted use of any force or violence against the Government of the United States or its military or naval forces:

The acquisition, use or disposal of any property with knowledge that it is to be. or with intent that it shall be. of assisance to the enemy in their hostilites agains the United States.

The performance of any act or the publication of statements or information which will give or supply, in any way, aid and comfort to the enemies of the United States;

The direction. aiding. counseling or countenancing of any of the foregoing acts.

"Such acts are held to be treasonable whether committed within the United States or elsewhere; whether; whether committed by a citizen of the the United States or by an alien domiciled, or residing. in the United States, inasmuch as resident aliens, as well as citizens, owe allegiance to the United States and its laws.

"Any such citizen or alien who has knowledge of the commission of such acts and conceals and does not make known the facts to the officials named in section 3 of the penal code is guilty of misprision of treason.

"And I hereby proclaim and warn all citizens of the United States. and all aliens owing allegiance to the Government of the United States, to abstain from committing any and all acts which would constitute a violation of any of the laws herein set forth; and I further proclaim and warn all persons who may commit such acts that they will be vigorously prosecuted therefor.

"In witness whereof. I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington this sixteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-first.

WOODROW WILSON."

"By the President, Robert Lansing, Secretary of State."

[illegible]

Keeping Late Hours.

"Life on the farm is not what it used to be."

"How is that?"

"When a farmer motors into town every night to attend a theater you can't expect him to get up at daybreak."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Wonderful Siberian Railway.

The great railway of 5,000 miles in length that runs across Siberia is one of the most marvelous in the world, first because of the difficulties that had to be faced in building it and, secondly, because of its enormous length. For nearly 1,000 miles along this steel track the line crosses an almost treeless plain. All the stations along those weary miles are at least thirty miles apart, and most of the villages are a long way from the stations.

In winter this Siberian line is one continuous view of snow, stretching for miles along the seemingly endless desert. Sometimes the villages and stations are almost buried in snow, and not infrequently the train gets snowed up. Water for the stoves and the engines has to be brought steaming hot, lest it should freeze on the way, and often men at the stations in the depth of winter have to chop off long icicles from the engine and cars. But even the intense cold has its advantages, for dairy products, such as cheese and butter, can be carried by rail without having to be put into refrigerating trucks.

Baths For the Canary.

Under normal conditions most birds probably bathe daily, and canaries in captivity should be allowed the same opportunity. When individual birds obstinately refuse to enter the water gentle spraying usually will induce them to bathe.

Small china dishes that are not too deep make good bathing pans. When a bird becomes accustomed to one dish it usually will refuse to bathe in another one of different shape and color. In winter the water should be warmed until tepid. Even in warm weather too cold water is not advisable. If the room, ordinarily warm, becomes cold temporarily, birds should not be allowed to bathe.

During molt the bath should be given not more than twice each week. When breeding the female canary should not be allowed to bathe from the time the eggs hatch until the young are three or four days old.—United States Department of Agriculture Bulletin.

A Leap Into Fame.

How many actors have begun their stage career as leading man? Probably Sir Johnstone Forbes-Robertson is the only instance. One night when Sir Johnstone was a young man of twenty-one his father, who was an art critic and journalist, went to see W. G. Wills' "Mary Stuart," and after the performance Wills accompanied him to supper. In the course of conversation the dramatist asked his host how he thought Castelard, the leading part, was played.

"Why, my son there, who has never acted, would do it fifty times better."

"The very thing!" cried Wills. "Will you try, Johnstone?"

The young artist modestly assented, went with Wills next day to rehearse and a week later made a sensational debut. Since then he has always been a leading man.—London Standard.

A Turkish Riddle.

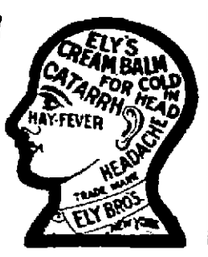
Here is an old Turkish riddle which has been handed down for many centuries and yet has never been answered. "There was once a beggar who always dreamed he was a pasha, and there was a pasha who always dreamed he was a beggar. Which was the happier?"

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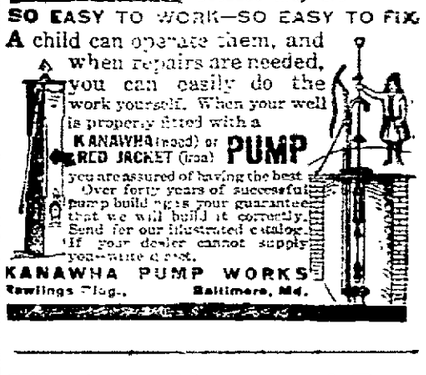
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5.50 a. m. Daily, for New Oxford, Hanover and Baltimore, and except Sunday for York.

8.46 a. m. Daily except Sunday, for Hanover, York and intermediate points.

10.16 a. m. Daily, for Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburgh, Chicago and the West, also Elkins, W. Va.

3.59 p. m. Daily, for Hanover, York, Baltimore and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

5.41 p. m. Daily, except Sunday, for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

11.22 p. m. Daily for Hagerstown, Cumberland, Pittsburgh, and the West. Also W. Va. Points.

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MAYOR EZRA S. MEALS

A NATIVE OF ADAMS COUNTY DIED LAST SUNDAY.

George T. Himes, Venerable Citizen of New Oxford, Joins Majority—Wm. H. Taylor of Bendersville.

Dr. Ezra S. Meals. mayor of Harrisburg for a second time, and a native of Adams county. died in the Harrisburg Hospital on Sunday in his 65th year. Dr. Meals had been suffering for many months with Bright's disease. More recently gangrene developed and last week he underwent the amputation of one of his feet to arrest the progress of the disease. This gave but temporary relief, however, and he sank rapidly. Dr. Ezra S. Meals was born at Bendersville, Adams county, July 28. 1851, a son of Samuel and Elizabeth Rice Meals. His father, Samuel Meals, spent his entire life in his native township and was a blacksmith by trade. For twenty-five years he was justice of the peace. Dr. Meals received his early education in the public schools of Bendersville, later attending the Gettysburg Normal School and the Tyson Academy, of Fort Dale, Pa. He began the study of medicine with Dr. E. W. Mumma, of Bendersvillt, reading with him for one year. Later he studied with his brother, Ira J. Meals, at Mill Creek, Huntingdon county. Dr. Meals then spent one term studying medicine and pharmacy in the University of Michigan, then passed another year with Dr. R. B. Elderdice of McKnightstown. He was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Cincinnati, O., with the class of 1874 and began his practice at once in McKnightstown. After a year and a half of successful work he removed to Biglerville, remaining there a short time. In August, 1877, Dr. Meals went to Harrisburg and has been in continuous practice there ever since. He was twice elected mayor of the Capital City and his handling of the affairs of that city met with approval of its progressve citizens. He also served two terms in the State Legislature. Dr. Meals was married to Miss Mary Moser, a daughter of the late Henry Moser of Biglerville, who survives, together with two sons, Dale and Harry Meals, of Harrisburg. He also leaves two brothers, W. W. Meals of Carlisle, and Ira J. Meals of Roanoke, Virginia.

George T. Himes, one of New Oxford's most venerable and highly respected citizens, died Sunday afternoon after a brief illness, aged 81 years. Mr. Himes only recently returned from a visit to the home of his son in Canton, Ohio, and has been confined to his bed since that time. George T. Himes was a son of the late Thomas Himes, and was born at Margaretta Furnace, York county, where his father was for many years engaged in the steel business. He lived in that section during his early life, but was a resident of New Oxford for more than 30 years and was one of the incorporators of the borough. During his active life he conducted a shoe store in New Oxford, but retired from business about 15 years ago. He was active in the affairs of the Methodist Church, for many years being its choir leader, and later its Sunday School superintendent. He is survived by a widow, who before her marriage was Miss Martha McKnight, a daughter of the late Thomas McKnight of Bendersville, one son, Joseph Himes of Canton, Ohio, and a daughter, Mrs. Raymond K. Stallsmith of New Oxford. A sister, Miss Susan Himes, of New Oxford, also survives. The funeral was on Tuesday afternoon, services by Rev. Hartman, Clearfield, former pastor of the New Oxford Church, assisted by the Rev. C. W. Baker, of the Lutheran Church, and the Rev. Walter Garrett of the Reformed Church.

William H. Taylor, a well known and highly respected resident of Bendersville, died at his home last Saturday aged 59 years, 2 months and 12 days. Mr. Taylor moved to Bendersville from Menallen township three years ago. On January 1st, 1916, he was hurt when he caught a runaway horse belonging to Aaron Taylor. He never recovered from the injuries received then. He had been unconscious since Wednesday. Mr. Taylor was a son of the late Peter and Elizabeth Taylor of Arendtsville, and spent his entire life in Menallen township before moving to Bendersville. He was a member of the Bendersville Lutheran Church, of which he was deacon and trustee for a number of years. He was assessor for two terms and was also a school director. He leaves his wife, who was Lucy A Weaner, three sons and three daughters, Alfred Taylor of Biglerville, Mrs. Carrie Beamer, Helen and Sam, at home, John R. Taylor of Aspers, Mrs. Parker Kuntz of Gardners, also seven brothers and two sisters: Ezra E. Taylor of Newport, Ira P. Taylor of Biglerville, Mrs. Harry Laffensperger of Arendtsville, John G. Taylor of Aspers, Mrs. Newton Schell and Isaiah Taylor of Altoona, Sam L. Taylor of Gettysburg, George T. Taylor of Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Carroll D. Wright, widow of the late Colonel Carroll D. Wright, president of Clark College, and mother of Mrs. John Bruce McPherson, formerly of Gettysburg, died on Sunday at the home of her son-in-law in Brookline, Mass., in her 76th year. Mrs. Wright was the last of a family of nine and leaves to survive her two daughters, Cornelia W., wife of John Bruce McPherson, of Brookline, Mass., and Grace W., wife of Doctor Samuel P. Capen of Washington. Mrs. Wright visited Gettysburg several times during her daughter's residence here.

Mrs. Joseph Ocker, Gettysburg, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Paul Gates, Lebanon, on Sunday from Bright's disease, aged about 65 years. Mrs. Ocker, whose maiden name was Miss Rose Ann Gettier, was born near Harney, Md., a daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Stephen Gettier. She leaves a husband and the following children: Mrs. Paul Gates of Lebanon, Mrs. George E. Hartman of Harrisburg, Mrs. Benjamin W. Kindig of Detroit, Mrs. Prudence Stonesifer of York, Joseph Ocker of New York. She also leaves three brothers and four sisters: Henry Gettier of San Francisco, Cal., Stephen Gettier of Lincoln, Neb., Charles B. Gettier of Biglerville, Mrs. John Fisher of Comstock, Neb., Mrs. Sentman Shriver of Gettysburg, Mrs. U. E. Hankey of New Kensington, and Mrs. George Shriner of Harney, Md. The body was taken to Littlestown on Wednesday morning where services and interment were held.

Jesse Bollinger, who was born in Adams county, near the Maryland line, died recently in Rockford, Ill., aged about 65 years. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having served in Company C, 165th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was honorably discharged. April 25, 1867, he was married to Angeline Elizabeth Baehr, at Gettysburg. She preceded him in death November 26, 1913. Two daughters survive, Mrs. J. D. Clear of Houston, Texas, and Mrs. Howard Rinehart with whom he made his home since the death of his wife.

Miss Martha Berkheimer died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Berkheimer, in Abbottstown last Saturday after a brief illness from pneumonia aged 35 years. She leaves her parents and one brother, George Berkheimer, of Harrisburg. Miss Berkheimer was an estimable young lady and for a number of years was organist of the Lutheran Church and Sunday School of Abbottstown and in many ways was active in social circles. Funeral on Monday, April 16, services by Rev. F. C. Sternat, interment in the Lutheran Cemetery.

Mrs. Bricker died last Saturday at her home near New Chester after a few days' illness of pneumonia, aged 86 years, 5 months and 26 days. She was a daughter of the late Daniel and Elizabeth Trone Forry. Her husband died forty-eight years ago. She leaves two daughters and one son, Miss Sarah Bricker, Mrs. Mary Hoover and Daniel Bricker, all at home. Three brothers, George T. Forrey of Pleasant Hill, Jacob Forrey of York Springs, and John Forrey of Hanover also survive. Funeral was on Tuesday with services at Bair's Meeting House, York Road, by Rev. Daniel Stump and Rev. Peter Shank, interment in York Road Cemetery.

Mrs. Sarah Bortner, wife of Esrom Bortner of York county, died last Friday as the result of a stroke of paralysis, sustained Wednesday, aged 68 years, 4 months and 11 days. Besides her husband ten children survive as follows: Isaac of Littlestown.

(Continued on page 8.)

Proclamation

To the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in the different Boroughs and Townships in the County of Adams—Greetings.

KNOW YE, that in pursuance of a precept to me directed under the hand and seal of the Honorable D. P. McPherson, Pres. of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the 51st Judicial District, consisting of the Counties of Adams and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of Capital and other offenders therein, and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and W. Howard Dicks and Edw. P. Miller, Esqs., Judges of the same County of Adams. You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your own proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations and other remembrances, before the Judges aforesaid, at Gettysburg, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden in the County of Adams aforesaid the Fourth Monday of April next, it being the 23rd day at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day then and there to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

SEAL GIVEN under my hand at Gettysburg on the 19th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

HOWARD J. HARTMAN, Sheriff.

List of Jurors

List of Grand Jurors drawn March 19, 1917, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams the fourth Monday of April A. D., 1917.

Grand Jurors.

Allison, W. P., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Bushey, Michael K., carpenter, East Berlin Bor.
Culbertsen, S. A., farmer, Highland Twp.
Deatrick, Charles E. clerk, Biglerville Bor.
Deatrick, Geo. M., laborer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Eline, Paul, clerk, McSherrystown 1st Ward.
Eck, Frank, farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Ford, Bert C., laborer, Gettysburg, 2d Ward.
Hull, Milton R., farmer, Liberty Twp.
Klunk, Joseph F., wood worker, McSherrystown Bor., 1st Ward.
King, J. Frank, farmer, Germany Twp
Koch, Harry E., laborer, Gettysburg Bor., 2nd Ward.
March, J. Frank, gent, Straban Twp.
Miller, S. Miley, surveyor, Gettysburg Bor., 1st Ward.
Miller, Philip, laborer, Straban Twp.
Plank, Harry H., nurseryman, Huntington Twp.
Rider, John M., merchant, East Berlin Bor.
Slaybaugh, Charles, clerk, New Oxford Bor.
Sneeringer, Henry, farmer, Conowago Twp.
Shelleman, Geo. W., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Sowers, Wm. A., gent, Franklin Twp.
Stine, O. M., farmer, Liberty Twp.
Schwartz, S. Allen, farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Topper, Joseph C., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.

List of Petit Jurors drawn March 19, 1917, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams the fourth Monday of January, A. D., 1917.

Petit Jurors.

Brinkerhoff, H. J., gent, Gettysburg Bor., 3rd Ward.
Benner, Edward, farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Brumgard, Geo. W., contractor, Littlestown Bor.
Buehler, A. Danner, printer, Gettysburg Bor., 1st Ward.
Bream, Robert S., agent, Gettysburg Bor., 3rd Ward.
Carbaugh, M. F., barber, Biglerville Bor.
Codori, Wm. F., chauffeur, Gettysburg Bor., 3rd Ward.
Deardorff, Oscar, farmer, Straban Twp.
Fleck, Rev. W. K., minister, Fairfield Bor.
Harbaugh, H. L., laborer, Highland Twp.
Hummer, Geo., burgess, New Oxford Bor.
Hartman, Wm. G., farmer, Berwick Twp.
Hollabaugh, Jacob B., farmer, Butler Twp.
Hemler, Joseph H., clerk, McSherrystown Bor., 2d Ward.
Irvin, John M., laborer, Franklin Twp.
Kane, J. Leroy, laborer, Franklin Twp.
Kinneman, A. W., laborer, Berwick Twp.
Lippy, John D., tailor, Gettysburg Bor., 2nd Ward.
Lyles, W. O., messenger, Gettysburg Bor., 3rd Ward.
Lightner, L. F., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Mehring, Robert, painter, Littlestown Bor.
Miller, McClain J., merchant, Franklin Twp.
Nace, Samuel, farmer, Straban Twp.
Ridinger, Duffield S., mason, Gettysburg Bor., 2nd Ward.
Rhine, Samuel D., clerk, Gettysburg Bor., 3rd Ward.
Staub, James L., farmer, Hamilton Twp.
Saddler, Clinton, miller, Butler Twp.
Sponseller, John, laborer, New Oxford Bor.
Sanders, Robert C., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Shryock, H. C., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Sheads, John H., gent, Cumberland Twp.
Stitzel, J. H., farmer, Huntington Twp.
Taylor, Joseph, farmer, Franklin Twp.
Topper, Geo. W., farmer, Straban Twp.
Wortz, H. L., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Wehler, H. G., clerk, New Oxford Bor.
Wolf, R. O., huckster, New Oxford Bor.
Wills, Clarence J., merchant, Hamiltonban Twp.

How Hard Rubber Is Made.

We're all of us coming in contact with hard rubber every day of our lives. Our fountain pen, our inkwell tops, the magneto parts and telephone receivers are all made of hard rubber.

But how is it made? Where does it differ from the rubber in an automobile tire, for instance? We'll wager a guess that not one man in a thousand knows.

Vulcanization consists of uniting sulphur with rubber to give it certain properties of elasticity, durability and, still more important, make it to retain these same properties under all normal conditions of heat and cold.

When a larger proportion of sulphur than is found in ordinary soft rubber is present and vulcanization is continued for a much longer time we obtain as a result a substance vastly different in physical properties—hard rubber. Before vulcanization it is quite elastic and we can mold it to suit our needs.—Exchange.

These Good Old Prices.

I've just come across an old menu, stained and torn, that was issued seventy-five years ago by Hathaway's hotel and eating house, which makes one long for a return of some prices that prevailed in those "good old days." This famous old eating house stood on the spot where the present Boston tavern stands, and the menu referred to is one of the relics of old Boston days in the tavern's collection.

According to that menu, a porterhouse steak was served for 37½ cents, tenderloin steak was 25 cents, sirloin 20 cents or 2 plain beefsteak, 15 cents. Roast beef was 25 cents, turkey and chicken 25 cents.

In the barber shop shaving was 8 cents, hair cut 15 cents and shampooing 20 cents. Baths cost 15 cents. A night's lodging was but 50 cents.—Boston Post.

Arms of Washington.

The arms which Washington used are heraldically described as follows: Argent (silver), two bars gules (red), in chief three mullets (stars) of the second, gules (red). The crest: A raven with wings addorsed, sable (black), issuing out of a ducal coronet, or (gold).

Although these arms were used by Washington, the arms of the family in Yorkshire are materially different, bearing a lion and being surmounted by a crest with an eagle, not a raven. The Yorkshire arms were the original arms, according to Albert Welles, whose "Pedigree and History of the Washington Family" gives with edifying detail the descent of the Father of His Country from Odin, first king of Scandinavia. Fifty-five generations were required to evolve George Washington from Odin.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County on the 21st day of April One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventeen at 10.30 a. m., under the Act of Assembly of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain corporations" approved April 29th, 1874, and supplements thereto for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "Saint Francis Xavier Cemetery Association of Gettysburg, Adams County, Pennsylvania," the character and object whereof is to maintain a public cemetery in said Borough and for these rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

The proposed charter is now on file in the Prothonotary's Office.

WM. McSHERRY,
Solicitor.

March 27, 1917.

—Mrs. J. Rowe Stewart and sons of Stenton, is visiting her parents. Dr. and Mrs. H. L. Diehl, Baltimore street.

Wanted—Clean Rags at this office.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
SIMON P. MILLER,
Of Mt. Joy Township.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
P. P. EISENHART,
Of East Berlin.

Mrs. Harry Breighner and daughter Mary Elizabeth, have returned to their home at Blue Ridge Summit after spending a week with Mrs. Emily Ramer and family, Baltimore street.

—J. Howard Diehl of Eddystone, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Diehl, Hanover street.

WANTED

Well-trained Teacher---Good Positions.

The demand for Normal School graduates far exceeds the number of graduates.

Teaching is a noble profession for men and women.

SPRING TERM, 12 weeks, begins April 9, 1917.
SUMMER SESSION 6 weeks, begins July 2, 1917.
FALL TERM begins September 4, 1917.

Write to the State Normal School, Millersville, Pa., for a Catalogue.

Wooltex
THE H. BLACK COMPANY
Designers and Makers
CLEVELAND

Here are two of the stunning coats

Illustrating how remarkable a line we have procured





EVERY clever woman will notice how subtle is the very simplicity of these models, and how effectively youthful. A single line overemphasized ever so little would have spoiled their charm and their correctness.

The ones shown are two Wooltex models newly arrived from The H. Black Company, celebrated makers of young women's coats and suits.

This is the CONNERRE, a characteristic coat of the best designing. Notice how the side panel effect gives those long graceful lines, adding to the slenderness of the figure. It comes in gabardines of all the desired shades and is trimmed in Khaki-Kool silk, now so much wanted. Left illustration.

No. 3260. Here is another use of the new and resourceful side panel, extending full to the hem of the skirt, giving to the garment graceful lines in a real sport coat. A clever touch is the pocket in the panel—one on either side. Made up in popular velour checks, and tailored the Wooltex way. Right illustration.

The earlier one buys this spring the surer she is of getting authentic creations---we have managed to get a rather large order accepted by this busy house, The H. Black Company, but they can give us no assurance about re-orders.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

The Store That Sells Wooltex Coats and Suits

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®



Gettysburg Compiler
Gettysburg, Pa.

Wm. Arch. McClean..........Editor

SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1917

STATE BETRAYED.

What is the matter with the Keystone State? Is the majority of its legislative body men totally without vision, men who are willing to make a sorry spectacle of serving rum rather than the people. The killing of the suffrage bill makes one feel that the great State has been betrayed in the interest of rum. The killing was a trick. 101 votes were cast for suffrage bill and 94 against. 12 members were absent and advantage was taken of this fact, for with a full house there would have been a constitutional majority for the suffrage bill of 104. Constitutional suffrage at the hands of the voters can not be had now before the fall of 1921.

The question at issue is not one involving the merits of woman suffrage but the political betrayal of the great State. To have equal political standing in the next presidential campaign, the women of the State must have the right to vote, they must have that to stand as an equal with sister States and not be injured by States who have such rights as against States who do not have. This country had one experiment with a country half free and half slave. A country with half of its women free and the other half political slaves is headed for complication that an all free electorate would avoid.

This week Rhode Island became the seventeenth State giving presidential suffrage to women. These seventeen States give 149 votes for president in the electoral college. No party will nominate a candidate for president in 1920 who would dare open his mouth against woman suffrage. Every candidate must be for suffrage or start in the race with 140 votes dead against him. The merits of the question of woman suffrage have been determined long ago. They are not involved. The question is the advantage of one State over another with an unequal suffrage. Will the country go forward to its destiny with an equal suffrage among the States or will an unequal suffrage tail try to control the political body. The legislature of Pennsylvania must be a body of thick heads to be unable to see and understand the situation.

There is but one course by which the present situation can be corrected and that is a presidential suffrage bill, to place the great Keystone State on an equality with the 17 States casting 149 votes in the electoral college.

New Cold Storage Company.

The Gettysburg Apple Cold Storage Company, the new cold storage company, was organized this week by the election of a board of directors and officers. The following directors were chosen: Dr. C. H. Huber, J. Elmer Musselman, J. L. Butt, Esq., C. H. Smith, and C. B. Dougherty, of Gettysburg; George Myers of Aspers; Daniel Sheely and Robert Shull of Cashtown. They organized by naming Mr. Butt president; Dr. Huber, Secretary; Mr. Musselman, Treasurer; and Mr. Dougherty, Manager.

The new company while an entirely separate concern from the Gettysburg Ice and Storage Company is not to be a competitor of that company in same line of business but will work in harmony with that company to develop the cold storage business of this town and surrounding country, specially in the case of apples. The new company has been capitalized at $50,000 and all of the stock has been disposed of, many of the successful fruit growers in the county subscribing for the stock.

The plant of the new company will be on the site of the Gilbert Foundry site, the Stallsmith Planing Mill property and Basehoar Mill, along Franklin street. The old buildings are now being razed and the work of tearing down and laying the foundation of the new plant it is expected will not be completed before end of summer. The erection of the brick and concrete plant will not be begun until next spring and the plans are to have it ready for the apple crop of 1918. The building will be 140 by 100 feet and three stories in height. The materials will be brick and concrete with floors of concrete.

It is the intention in razing the old building to start the erection of a rail road switch into the site of the new plant and all plans are being made for the finest type of a modern, up-to-date plant with conveniences for handling the cold storage products.

Blood Medicine

That originated in a famous doctor's successful prescription, that is made from the purest and best ingredients, that has a record of relief and benefit believed to be unequalled the world over—such is HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

GOOD, Sober Laboring Men Wanted between the ages of 20 and 45 years, who are willing to be advanced. Factory operated day and night turns, shifts change each week. Wages from 21c to 30c per hour with bonus for good workmen. Married men preferred. Apply to superintendent, Columbia Plate Glass Co., Blairsville, Pa. a 7-6t.

WEDDED AT NUPTIAL MASS

YOUNG COUPLE TO MAKE THEIR HOME AT EDGE GROVE.

Other Weddings in County, and of Those Well Known Here—Gettysburg Boy Takes Wife.

Brady—Breighner.—At a nuptial high mass at St. Joseph's Catholic Church in Hanover, Tuesday morning, Miss Dorothy Beatrice Breighner, daughter of Mrs. Laura Strausbaugh, of Baltimore, was married to Earl Thomas Brady, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry M. Brady of Edge Grove. The ceremony was performed in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends. The attendants were Miss Irma Brady, a sister of the bridegroom, and James Livelsperger. The bride, since childhood has made her home with Mrs. Elizabeth Scheivert, of Hanover. The bride was attired in an ivory satin gown with silver trimming wore a tulle veil and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore pink satin, with picture hat of pink, and carred a bouquet of sweet peas. The ring bearer and flower girls wore white. The Mendelssohn Wedding March was played by John Brady, and little Misses Rita Oaster and Genevieve Brady carried baskets of sweet peas. Mary Elizabeth Oaster was the ring bearer. During the ceremony "Ave Maria" by Gounod, was sung by Miss Marie Hoffman, soprano, with violin accompaniment by Leo Brady. Mr. and Mrs. Brady will reside at the home of the former's parents at Edge Grove until the completion of their new home which is now under construction at Edge Grove.

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McClellan—Niles.—William S. McClellan and Miss Josephine Niles, daughter of Alfred S. Niles, former judge of the supreme court of Maryland, residing in Baltimore, were married in Baltimore last Saturday, in the Brown Memorial Chruch, the Rev. Dr. John McDowell, rector of the church, and the Rev. Edward Niles, pastor of the Second Presbyterian congregation, and an uncle of the bride, officiating. Miss Mary Elizabeth Glatfelter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Glatfelter, Spring Grove, was the flower girl. The bridegroom is a nephew of Mrs. Wm. Martin of this place, and a son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. McClellan, of the firm of McClellan & Gotwalt, of York. He is a graduate of Williams College. Mr. McClellan went to Spring Grove four years ago, and after studying the process of paper making was appointed assistant to M. J. Kelley, manager.

***

Krepps—Smith.—A pretty wedding was solmenized on Tuesday at a nuptial mass in Sacred Heart Church, Conewago, when Miss Edna M. Smith became the bride of Mark Krepps of McSherrystown. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Benjamin Smith of Philadelphia, an uncle of the bride. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith of Conewago, and the groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Ignatius Krepps of McSherrystown. They were attended by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smith. After the ceremony a wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, at Edge Grove. Mr. and Mrs. Kreps will go to housekeeping in McSherrystown.

***

Griffith—Dunbar.—The marriage of Miss Emilie C. Dunbar, daughter of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. M. H. Dunbar of Baltimore, and Dr. Lewis Muller Griffith of Asheville, N. C., took place Tuesday evening at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Dunbar. The ceremony was performed by the bride's father. The bride entered with her brother, Dr. Paul B. Dunbar, of Washington, by whom she was given in marrriage, and was met by the groom, attended by his best man, S. Edward Hendrix, of Columbia, S. C. She wore a gown of white satin, combined with georgette crepe and lace, and her tulle veil was caught with orange blossoms and she carried a shower bouquet of white roses and sweet peas. Miss Elizabeth Greene was her maid of honor and only attendant. She wore a gown of rose pink georgette crepe and carried pink and white sweet peas. The ceremony was followed by a reception, after which Dr. and Mrs. Griffith left for a journey. They will live in Asheville. The bride has many friends in Gettysburg where she has vsited frequently.

***

Shue—Hershey.—Rev. Dr. F. S. Lindaman of Christ Church, near Littlestown, officiated at the marriage of Miss Edna A. Hershey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Hershey of New Baltimore, and Irvin L. Shue of Conowago township, which took place Thursday, April 12, at the Reformed parsonage in Littlestown. The bridegroom is employed in Hanover.

***

McDonald—Klunk.—Miss Florence Emma Klunk and Howard McDonald were united in marriage Monday, April 9th, in Harrisburg, by Rev. Jos. E. Murphy, the former pastor of St. Vincent's Church, Midway. A honeymoon trip followed to New York, Philadelphia, Atlantic City and Baltimore. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis G. Klunk of Hanover, with whom they will reside until May 1st when they will go to housekeeping in a newly furnished home in Littlestown. The groom's home is in Gettysburg and he has been proprietor of a tailoring establishment in Littlestown for the past year.

***

Study—Horner.—At St. John's Lutheran parsonage, Littlestown, Miss Emma Harner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Obediah Harner, and Wilson Study, both of Black's school house, this county, were married Saturday evening by Rev. I. M. Lau.

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Flemming—Sowers.—At the parsonage, Dillsburg, R. F. D., Pa., Rev. Ira

(Continued on page 8.)

MERCANTILE APRAISEMENT FOR 1917.

List of Dealers in Adams County subject to Mercantile license for the year 1917.

ABBOTTSTOWN.
Altland, Chas. R. ... $2.85
Baker, M. G. ... 8.70
Berkheimer, N. M. ... 5.55
Berkheimer, R. C. ... 3.25
Crumner, Walter J. ... 4.25
Elder, Alice ... 2.85
Freed, G. M. ... 5.75
Kinneman, J. A. ... 2.85
Nagle, M. G. ... 2.85
Olinger, Wm. J. ... 3.25
Spangler, Mrs. Jennie ... 2.85
Sowers, S. K. ... 10.75
Wolf, J. J. ... 6.75

ARENDTSVILLE.
Baker, Roy ... 2.85
Dome, C. E. & Co. ... 2.85
Hoffman, Geo. E. ... 3.95
Klepper, C. H. ... 22.75
Knouse, David ... 2.85
Mark, H. P. ... 5.75
Raffensperger, Keefer ... 5.75
Trostle, H. N. ... 4.75
Trostle, H. W. & Son ... 15.75
Schlosser, Aaron ... 2.85
Warren, H. H. ... 2.85

BENDERSVILLE.
Bream, Dill ... 2.85
Bausman, F. R. ... 2.85
Fair, H. L. ... 2.85
Gochnaur, S. B. ... 7.45
Heller, M. J. ... 4.35
Knouse, Harvey ... 5.25
Routsong, Geo. R. & Son ... 2.85
Stover, J. G. ... 2.85
Sowers, E. W. ... 2.85
Snyder, W. L. ... 3.00
Wright, F. W. ... 2.85
Yeatts, W. C. ... 7.75
Shepard, J. W. ... 3.75

BERWICK TWP.
Bittinger, C. H., Hanover ... 7.07
Bittinger, J. R., Hanover ... 2.85
Stambaugh, Jno. A., Hanover ... 2.85
Winaud, Paul T., Hanover ... 2.85

BIGLERVILLE.
Broom, W. H. ... 2.85
Bucher, H. C. ... 2.85
Bigham, S. G. ... 22.75
Koser, G. W. ... 13.75
Klinefelter, C. S. ... 2.85
Knouse, G. H. ... 17.75
Lawver, E. L. ... 10.75
Miller, C. E. ... 5.12
Myers, C. H. ... 2.85
Nitchman, P. L. ... 2.85
Oyler, H. J. ... 3.50
Roth, E. C. ... 2.85
Rice, Leila ... 2.85
Rice Produce Co. ... 3.75
Seasley, J. H. ... 7.25
Trostle, E. H. ... 15.35
Thomas Bros. ... 22.75
Ulrich, L. L. ... 2.85
Wampler, G. J. ... 2.85
Walter, R. C. ... 3.75

BUTLER TWP.
Carey, Chas., Gettysburg R. 6 ... 2.85
Keefer, C. A., Aspers, R. 1 ... 2.85
Lower, E. G., Table Rock ... 11.75
Moose, Jno. D., Biglerville ... 2.85
Myers, R. B., Arendtsville ... 2.85
Peters, Z. J., Guernsey ... 10.75
Plank, L. C., Table Rock ... 3.25
Rouzer, H. L., Guernsey ... 7.75
Roucher, J. B., Table Rock ... 2.85
Rhodes, T. F., Aspers ... 2.85
Slaybaugh, M. L., Aspers ... 3.75
VanDyke, Harry, Table Rock ... 2.85
Taylor, C. G., Arendtsville ... 2.85
Yeagy, L. A., Table Rock ... 3.35

CONOWAGO TWP.
Carbaugh, Chas. G., Hanover ... 2.85
Devine, Mrs. S. L., Edge Grove ... 5.75
Horwidle, Pius, Hanover ... 2.85
Myers, Henry, Hanover ... 5.75
Myers, J. H., Littlestown ... 5.75
Miller, G. W., Hanover ... 5.65
Stambaugh, R. F., Hanover ... 2.85
Weisensale, A. U., Hanover ... 3.00

CUMBERLAND TWP.
Able, Wm., Gettysburg ... 2.85
Epley, J. W., Gettysburg ... 2.85
McCullough, J. R., Gettysburg ... 8.75
Murray, Norman, Gettysburg ... 2.85
Rosensteel, John, Gettysburg ... 3.75

EAST BERLIN.
Brandt, D. E. ... 27.75
Baer & Korn ... 17.28
Brown, A. D. ... 3.55
Brown, Chas. ... 2.85
Cashman, Clinton A. ... 2.85
Eisenhart, P. P. ... 2.85
Feiser, L. J. ... 6.75
Feiser, L. W. ... 2.85
Fohl, C. R. ... 3.75
Himes, R. B. ... 3.25
Border, David E. ... 3.75
Kling, S. D. ... 3.20
Kimmel, P. W. ... 2.85
Lau & Reynolds ... 8.03
Lapham, Claude ... 2.85
Lauber, Jno. ... 2.85
Lerew, Paul P. ... 3.05
Miller, A. C. ... 5.00
Myers, W. Denton ... 32.75
Miller, F. G. ... 3.75
Resser, W. W. ... 3.25
Rider, J. M. ... 19.75
Sell, N. W. ... 2.85
Spangler, C. C. ... 22.75
Sclar, Moses ... 2.85
Sell, N. W. ... 3.75
Shetter, Robert ... 2.85
Spangler, C. M. ... 8.75
Sprenkle, N. B. ... 7.75
Sprenkle, R. E. ... 2.85
Trimmer, Mrs. A. B. ... 3.00
Wagner, D. P. ... 3.35
Ziegler, J. E. ... 2.85
Kuhn, W. F. ... 2.85

FAIRFIELD.
Allison, S. L. ... 2.85
Glenn, Dr. J. E. ... 3.25
Jacobs, J. Q. ... 2.85
Kebil, Geo. ... 2.85
Musselman, Jno. M. ... 24.99
Musselman, Jacob ... 17.07
McCreary, Miss Hattie ... 2.85
McCleaf, J. M. ... 8.75
Moritz, H. S. ... 6.25
Neely, G. M. ... 7.25
Polly, D. P. ... 2.85
Rock, Miss Hattie ... 2.85
Reindollar, R. S. & Bro. ... 16.38
Seiferd, C. J. ... 2.85
Seiferd, J. E. ... 2.85
Swope, E. B. ... 5.25
Stoops, Ira ... 2.85
Sites, Stewart W. ... 2.85
Waddle, J. B. ... 2.85

FRANKLIN TWP.
Andrew, W. O., McKnightstown ... 6.95
Bream, R. D., Cashtown ... 22.75
Cole, Wm., Orrtanna ... 2.85
Carbaugh, C. B., Cashtown ... 2.85
Fritz, J. H., Orrtanna ... 3.25
Geyer, J. E., McKnightstown ... 2.85
Hartman, H. A., Cashtown ... 7.35
Hartman, Jno. M., Cashtown ... 2.85
Johnson, C. W., McKnightstown ... 9.75
Kane, Geo. A., Orrtanna ... 3.25
Little, R. T., Seven Stars ... 7.02
Miller, M. J., McKnightstown ... 6.75
Narey, Jacob G., Orrtanna ... 2.85
Naugle, E. J., Orrtanna ... 6.61
Rebert, J. E., Cashtown ... 3.75
Riggeal, W. H., Orrtanna ... 3.25
Reed, Alvin, Gettysburg ... 2.85
Riddlemoser, H. E., McKnightstown ... 3.00
Settle, Walter J., Seven Stars ... 6.75
Swartz, Geo. W., Cashtown ... 2.85
Weaver, David L., Biglerville ... 2.85
Wilson, C. D., Gettysburg ... 4.75
Weikert, Wm. P., McKnightstown ... 2.85
Kump, A. E., Cashtown ... 2.85

FREEDOM TWP.
Bowling, Lewis, Gettysburg ... 3.75
Rhodes, David, Fairfield ... 3.55
Rothhaupt & Wenschhof, Gettysburg ... 2.85

GERMANY.
Bish, Willis, Littlestown ... 2.85
Basehoar, H. H., Littlestown ... 2.85
Krug, W. M., Kingsdale ... 4.25
Menges, Wm., Littlestown ... 2.85
Hull, Jno., Kingsdale ... 3.35
Shoemaker, J. W., Littlestown ... 2.85
Straley, Wilmer G., Littlestown ... 2.85

GETTYSBURG 1ST WARD.
Atlantic Ref. Co. ... 6.14
Armor, R. D. & Son ... 3.60
Bream & Bream ... 27.75
Bream, H. D. & J. F. ... 5.36
Bream, C. C. ... 4.75
Blocher, J. O. ... 12.75
Blocher, D. & Co. ... 5.25
Batterman Gas Engine Co. ... 2.85
Central Auto Co. ... 4.50
Crescent Auto Co. ... 3.75
Culp, R. H. ... 2.85
Diller, G. S. ... 11.75
Dubbs, Mildred B. ... 2.85
Eden, W. J. ... 10.75
Faber, Edgar S. ... 3.75
Faber, Geo. B. ... 3.75
Funkhouser, Roy P. ... 32.75
Forrest, E. H. ... 2.85
Gettysburg Gas Co. ... 3.75
H. & T. Electric Co. ... 2.85
Holebaugh, Miss Anna ... 2.85
Hennig, W. A. ... 2.85
Hemler, Will ... 4.55
Harris Bros. ... 7.75
Kelly, E. S. ... 2.85
Kadel, J. H. ... 2.85
Lightner, I. N. ... 2.85
Myers, Penrose ... 6.85
Miller, P. A. ... 6.75
Miller, R. C. ... 5.75
Oyler, W. & Bro. ... 10.75
Plank, A. B. ... 2.85
Reck, Anna M. ... 2.85
Rice Produce Co. ... 6.50
Scott Bros. ... 7.75
Goldsmith, P. W. ... 6.25
Smith, A. J. ... 3.65
The Lincoln Way Hotel ... 2.85
The Hotel Gettysburg Co. ... 2.85
Trimmer, S. E. ... 2.85
Weaver, G. W. & Son ... 102.25
Wolf, C. M. ... 20.75
Deland, G. A. ... 2.85
Kane, John D. ... 2.85
Gettysburg Electric Light Co. ... 2.85
Cox, John ... 2.89
Highland, John ... 3.75
Olinger, W. E. ... 6.75

GETTYSBURG 2ND WARD.
Adams Co. Hdw. Co. ... 22.75
Buohl, Geo. ... 2.85
Bruner, P. M. ... 2.85
Blocher, C. A. ... 11.25
Bender, H. B. ... 12.25
Kunkle, Otto ... 3.00
Chritzman, G. W. ... 5.89
Dougherty & Hartley ... 33.06
Eberhart, Geo. ... 12.75
Davis, Max ... 10.25
Eckert, M. K. ... 32.75
Eberhart, Frank ... 2.85
Garlach, J. W. ... 5.75
Gilbert, H. C. ... 2.85
Gettysburg 5 & 10 Cent Store ... 5.75
Hollinger, Albert ... 3.25
Haines, M. H. ... 12.75
Kelly & Oyler ... 6.75
Kirssin, Lewis E. ... 9.75
Kalbfleisch, Henry ... 2.85
Lestz, O. H. ... 12.75
McIlhenny, Jno. W. ... 15.75
Maring, H. T. ... 3.45
Miller, Leo H. ... 4.25
Morris, J. B. ... 7.75
Mickley & King ... 2.85
Minter, N. L. ... 12.75
Myers, C. B. ... 7.75
Mumper, C. S. & Co. ... 8.75
Mumper, J. A. ... 2.85
National Garage ... 17.75
Orner, Aug. ... 4.75
People's Cash Store ... 17.75
People's Drug Store ... 12.75
Pettis Bros. & Bardoxe ... 3.00
Rogers Martin Co. ... 6.25
Reindt, Geo. ... 2.85
Shealer, Jno. C. ... 2.85
Smith, H. F. ... 2.85
Sefton, H. B. ... 3.25
Thomas, E. C. ... 2.85
Tipton, June F. ... 9.75
Tate, C. B. ... 2.85
The Hub ... 12.25
Tonde, Ira ... 12.75
Tipton, W. H. ... 4.75
Trimmer, Jacob E. ... 28.56
Varlas, Gust ... 3.05
Wisotzkey, E. F. ... 7.75
Ziegler, Mrs. Jno. ... 4.25
Ziegler, C. T. ... 4.25
Wineman, J. B. ... 2.85

GETTYSBURG 3RD WARD.
Becker, M. E. ... 3.25
Brindle, J. H. ... 2.85
Battlefield Hotel ... 2.85
Chritzman, The Misses ... 2.85
Duttera, Victor ... 2.85
Evans, W. H. ... 3.25
Eicholtz, Grace ... 2.85
Gettysburg Department Store ... 62.75
Hotel Wabash ... 2.85
Kuhn, Emma ... 2.85
Mills, A. S. ... 9.75
McDonnell, Jno. E. ... 2.85
Progressive Stock Co. ... 3.81
Ritz, Jno. F. ... 2.85
Seyfoon, G. W. ... 5.75
Sack, Edw. ... 2.85
Wachtenheuer, T. J. ... 6.75
Wheeler, Geo. W. ... 2.85

HAMILTON TWP.
Irvin, T. C., New Oxford ... 2.85
Gentzler, Jas., East Berlin ... 2.85
Mummert, Edw., East Berlin ... 2.85
Wentz, M. D., East Berlin ... 2.85
Yohe, C. B., Abbottstown ... 2.85

HAMILTONBAN TWP.
Blizzard, Daniel, Fayetteville ... 3.62
Barnes, Jno., Fayetteville ... 5.55
Baumgardner, S. H., Orrtanna ... 2.85
Biesecker, N. L., Orrtanna ... 2.85
Eyler, D. C., Fairfield ... 2.85
Frey Bros., Fairfield ... 4.25
Gladhill, Roy D., Iron Springs ... 2.85
Kohler, H. E., Fayetteville ... 2.85
Kready, A. H., Orrtanna ... 12.19
Linn & Biggs, Orrtanna ... 9.05
Leas, Chester A., Orrtanna ... 2.85
Lightner, Harry W., Va. Mills ... 4.27
McIntire, Chas., Fairfield ... 3.75
Narey, J. C., Orrtanna ... 4.25
Reed, H. K., Iron Springs ... 3.25
Stoops, D. R., Virginia Mills ... 4.99
Stonesifer, M. H., Orrtanna ... 2.85
Wills, C. A., Virginia Mills ... 2.85

HIGHLAND TWP.
Heintzelman, E. A., Fairfield ... 2.85
Hammer, S. S. W., Gettysburg ... 4.75
Hereter, J. I., Gettysburg ... 2.85
Kepner, Mervin, Gettysburg ... 2.85
Knoxlyn Milling Co., Gettysburg ... 4.55

HUNTINGTON TWP.
Adams, W. S., Aspers ... 2.85
Adams & Baker, Gardners ... 14.75
Byers, Jacob, York Springs ... 2.85
Crist, Andrew, Idaville ... 7.18
Eberhart, Jno. E., York Springs ... 2.85
Elicker, Frank, York Springs ... 2.85
Guise, W. A., Idaville ... 2.85
Group, N. L., Idaville ... 27.75
King, Jno. W., York Springs ... 3.25
Kennedy, W. H., York Springs ... 2.85
King, P. E., York Springs ... 2.85
Latta, J. H., Idaville ... 2.85
Menges, J. A., York Springs ... 2.85
Roudebush, A. F., Aspers ... 6.75
Starry, W. J., York Springs ... 5.00

LATIMORE TWP.
Bubb, Arthur, York Springs ... 2.85
Brough, Harry, York Springs ... 2.85
Brough, L. A., York Springs ... 3.00
Emlet, D. E., York Springs ... 2.85
Gochenaur, Jos., Bermudian ... 2.85
Group, W. G., York Springs ... 4.00
Hoopert, Chas., York Springs ... 2.85
Jacobs, R. H., York Springs ... 7.55
Kapp & Seibert, Bermudian ... 17.63
Menges, H. E., Bermudian ... 15.61
Peters, S. A., York Springs ... 10.75
Powers, M. L., Bermudian ... 2.85
Snyder, J. W., York Springs ... 2.85
The J. C. Peters Co., York Springs ... 3.00
Wiley, Jacob, Bermudian ... 2.85
Wildasin, Geo., York Springs ... 2.85

LIBERTY TWP.
Eisley, F. L., Emmitsburg ... 2.85
Gingell, Geo. & Son, Emmitsburg ... 2.85
Gingell, Geo., Emmitsburg ... 2.85
Weishaar, J. D., Fairfield ... 2.85

LITTLESTOWN.
Atno, B. E. ... 2.85
Atheof, E. J. ... 6.75
Basehoar & Mehring ... 36.98
Barker, C. B. ... 2.85
Bell, Daniel ... 2.85
Boll, Chas. E. ... 2.85
Bowers, H. E. ... 15.75
Blocher, T. S. & Son ... 2.85
Byers, Jno. ... 3.25
Blocher, H. F. ... 2.85
Crouse, E. M. ... 2.85
Crouse, I. D. ... [illegible]
Crouse, C. C. ... 3.75
Colehouse, W. H. ... 3.25
Dixon, W. H. ... [illegible]
Elme, J. H. ... 5.99
Ebaugh, W. F. ... 2.85
Formwalt, W. N. ... 2.85
Forrest & Kohler ... 12.75
Gitt, Geo. Z. ... 3.25
Hornberger, J. W. ... 3.25
Harner, C. W. ... 16.75
Harris Bros. & Coach ... 15.75
Hartman, R. A. ... [illegible]
[illegible] & Krug ... 7.75
Kroh, Henry ... 2.85
Kelly, J. H. ... 2.85
Keefer, Jacob A. ... 2.85
King, Geo. S. ... 17.58
Littlestown Garage Co. ... 10.25
Littlestown Flour Mill & Elevator ... 60.75
Lippy, A. P. & Son ... 10.75
Master, W. H. ... 2.90
Martin, H. W. ... [illegible]
Mayers, Jno. A. ... 10.00
Mehring, S. D. ... 2.85
Orndorff, N. E. ... 2.85
Palace Amusement Co. ... 2.85
Rouzer, Willis ... 2.85
Riffle, C. L. ... 2.85
Renner & Stavely ... 3.75
Spangler, J. J. ... 2.85
Sterwig, J. M. ... 8.25
Stahl, C. W. ... 3.75
Stavely, F. R. ... 7.75
Stonesifer, H. A. ... 8.75
Smucker, A. ... 2.85
Steffy, M. E. ... 2.85
Starr, W. F. ... 5.75
Stonesifer, Harvey ... 3.00
Stoner, C. W. ... 2.85
Willard Hotel ... 2.85
Weaver, S. M. ... 3.25
Weikert, W. G. ... 2.85
Wilson, R. H. ... 12.75

McSHERRYSTOWN 1ST WARD.
Brady, A. J. ... 12.97
Bunty, H. J. ... 5.25
Burkee, F. ... 17.75
Conrad Bros. ... 3.25
Conrad, Jas. ... 5.25
Collonade Hotel ... 2.85
Carver, N. B. & Sons ... 4.20
Eline, Ben. ... 2.85
Fuchs, R. J. ... 2.85
Reily, Jno. T. ... 6.25
Timmins, G. W. ... 2.85
Rudisill, R. R. ... 2.85
Smith, C. G. ... 2.85

McSHERRYSTOWN 2D WARD.
Bender, Geo. F. ... 2.85
Hotel Columbus ... 2.85
Klunk, J. W. ... 6.15
McKenna, L. F. ... 2.85
Rahn, Geo. D. ... 9.75
Sheely, Geo. A. ... 2.85
Small, S. J. ... 4.75
Topper, F. V. ... 2.85
Weaver, C. S. ... 2.85

MENALLEN TWP.
Aspers Produce Co., Aspers ... 7.75
Adams, W. S., Aspers ... 9.75
Bucher & Orner, Aspers ... 2.85
Black, Waybright, Aspers ... 2.85
Baugher, H. G., Aspers ... 5.75
Biesecker, J. M., Aspers ... 2.85
Gulden, H. C., Aspers ... 6.18
Gulden Milling & Grain Co. ... 3.75
Howard, Jno., Aspers ... 2.85
Hartman, Wm., Biglerville ... 2.85
Knouse, M. E., Biglerville ... 10.75
Myers, L. E., Biglerville ... 2.85
Naylor, C. E., Aspers ... 2.85
Rice, Isaiah, Aspers ... 2.85
Taylor, P. C., Aspers ... 3.75
Weist & Weist, Aspers ... 12.75
Warren, L. A., Aspers ... 2.85
Tyson Bros. Inc., Flora Dale ... 23.34

MT. JOY TWP.
Clapsaddle, J. D., Gettysburg ... 2.95
Kelley, J. E., Taneytown ... 2.85
Strickhouser, C. W., Gettysburg ... 3.75
Sherman, J. T. & Son, Gettysburg ... 7.55
Swartz, Reuben, Gettysburg ... 2.85
Smith, J. Carna, Gettysburg ... 5.75
Yoost, C. A., Littlestown ... 7.75

MT. PLEASANT TWP.
Bair, D. J., Littlestown ... 4.25
Berger, Peter, Bonneauville ... 2.85
Diehl, D. M., New Oxford ... 3.25
Golden, E. L., Bonneauville ... 2.85
Gebhart, A. S., Gettysburg ... 3.75
Hemler, F. G., Centennial ... 2.85
Hook, J. W., Littlestown ... 4.00
Kling, Wm. H., New Oxford ... 2.85
Myers, J. T., Littlestown ... 3.75
Miller, J. F., Bonneauville ... 2.85
Myers, Simon, Bonneauville ... 2.85
Noel, I. A., Bonneauville ... 7.90
Neiderer, A. C., Centennial ... 10.43
Sheely, J. S., Littlestown ... 4.75
Staub, J. F., Bonneauville ... 2.85
Staub, J. J., Bonneauville ... 5.75
Strausbaugh, Chas., Bonneauville ... 2.85
Wagaman, A. L., Gettysburg ... 2.85
Bixler & Shanebrook, Littlestown ... 2.85

NEW OXFORD.
Auker, Ed. ... 8.95
Bream, J. M. ... 2.85
Cashman, J. A. ... 2.85
Duttera, J. H. ... 7.75
Diehl, A. C. ... 2.85
Diehl, Curtis E. ... 4.25
Dittenhafer, E. E. ... 2.85
Eicholtz, C. L. ... 2.85
Feiser, Wm. A. ... 5.75
Freed, H. E. ... 2.85
Fair, H. B. & Co. ... 5.75
Grove, Geo. F. ... 2.85
Gilbert & Son ... 12.75
Harris Bros. ... 12.75
Hersh, Jno. N. ... 4.78
Hersh, C. T. ... 2.85
Hoffnagle, J. C. ... 3.25
Kohler, W. H. ... 6.75
Myers, Jno. C. (Grocer) ... 13.75
Myers, J. C. (Garage) ... 2.85
Miller, J. F. ... 4.25
Miller, W. J. ... 2.85
Miller, J. E. C. ... 9.75
Neely, E. M. ... 2.85
Rabine, Geo. ... 2.85
Rickrode, J. F. ... 7.75
Roth, Mabel I. ... 3.05
Straley, R. M. ... 5.75
Sheely & Bro. ... 27.75
Slentz, D. F. ... 8.75
Straley, L. V. ... 3.05
Weaver, J. R. ... 7.75
Wagner, A. P. ... 5.25
Wagner, Mrs. M. L. ... 2.85
Wolf, Robert ... 2.85
Ziegler Bros. ... 2.85

OXFORD TWP.
Bittinger, E. M., Hanover ... 5.25
Eckert, E. L., New Oxford ... 2.85
Martin, J. M., Irishtown ... 7.75
New Oxford Milling Co., New Oxford ... 2.85
Smith, C. P., New Oxford ... 3.25
Schriver, J. C., New Oxford ... 2.85
Storm, C. A., Irishtown ... 2.85

READING TWP.
Chronister, Mrs. R. J., Hampton ... 2.85
Decker, H. W., East Berlin ... 3.00
Evans, J. H., Hampton ... 8.75
Ensor, Wm., Hampton ... 2.85
Eckert, Jacob A., Hampton ... 2.85
Hartman, J. R., New Oxford ... 2.85
Hoffman, E. J., Hampton ... 2.85
Heagy, J. W., East Berlin ... 2.85
Markle, H. A., Hampton ... 2.85
March, Geo. R. Est., Hampton ... 9.75
Stambaugh, Paul, East Berlin ... 2.85

STRABAN TWP.
Bollinger, Edw., Gettysburg ... 2.85
Conewago Trotting Asso., Hunterstown ... 2.85
Deatrick, H. G., Hunterstown ... 6.75
Duttera, Geo. H., Guldens ... 27.60
Group, W. G., New Oxford ... 2.85
Neely, W. W., New Oxford ... 3.75
Raffensperger, G. M., Hunterstown ... 2.85
Shank, W. M., New Oxford ... 2.85
Taughinbaugh, J. L., Hunterstown ... 2.85
Thomas, Frank Mc., Hunterstown ... 2.85
Thompson, G. R., Granite ... 22.75
Trimmer, Cletus, New Oxford ... 2.85
Taughinbaugh, W. D., Gettysburg ... 2.85
Wiaand, C. E., New Oxford ... 9.75

TYRONE TWP.
Eichelberger, W. E., Aspers ... 3.00
Gardner, H. J., Gardners ... 2.85
Griest, Eli, Gardners ... 2.85
Houck, W. S., Heidlersburg ... 5.75
Myers, Grover C., Gardners ... 22.75
McGrail, G. W., Gardners ... 3.93
Philips, H. F., New Oxford ... 3.50
Shepard, Wm. J., Heidlersburg ... 5.75
Sterner, Harvey L., Idaville ... 2.85
Shearer, D. H. & Son, New Oxford ... 2.85
Weigle, Wm. C., Biglerville ... 2.85
Weaver, C. R., Gardners ... 3.35

UNION TWP.
Humbert, A. N., Littlestown ... 3.00
Good & Kline, Sells Station ... 12.75

YORK SPRINGS.
Bowers, J. E. ... 12.75
Cashman, E. W. ... 3.15
Criswell, N. R. ... 2.85
Day, G. H. ... 3.85
Deatrick, Geo. E. ... 3.20
Emmert, G. W. ... 15.75
Fair, Gilbert ... 2.85
Griest, Mrs. Geo. W. ... 2.85
Hamilton, C. A. ... 2.85
Hershey, H. H. ... 3.25
Hardman, W. H. ... 2.85
Jacobs, Albert R. ... 2.85
Myers, Jacob T. ... 2.85
Myers, Dr. C. L. ... 3.00
Pearson, H. B. ... 5.75
Spealman, Jas. A. ... 2.85
York Springs Hdw. Co. ... 9.75
Yeagy, Elmer ... 2.85

BILLIARDS AND POOL.
Crystal Lunch Rooms, Gettysburg ... 51.50
Golden, T. L., Mt. Pleasant ... 21.50
Howard, Jno. M., Menallen ... 21.50
Heller, M. J., Bendersville ... 31.50
Himes, R. B., East Berlin ... 41.50
Kunkle, Otto, Gettysburg 2d ward ... 41.50
Kalbfleisch, Henry, Gettysb'g 2d ward ... 51.50
Martin, H. W., Littlestown ... 21.50
Myers, Jno. P., Reading ... 21.50
Palace of Amusement, Littlestown ... [illegible]
Roth, E. C., Biglerville ... 71.50
Stavely, Lewis, Littlestown ... 31.50
Stoner, C. W., Littlestown ... 31.50
Strine, C. A., McSherrystown 2d ward ... 51.50
Seiberlich, Lawrence, Conowago ... 21.50
Shealer, Jno. C., Gettysburg 2d ward ... 101.50

BROKERS, AGENTS AND FACTORIES.
Peckman & Ott, Gettysburg 1st ward ... 11.75
Smucker, A., Littlestown ... 11.75
Taughinbaugh, W. A., Gettysburg 1st w ... 11.75

EATING HOUSES.
Carter, Priscilla, Gettysburg 3d ward ... 2.85
Crystal Lunch Rooms, Gettysburg 1st w ... 4.25
Day, Geo. H., York Springs ... 3.25
Dick,s N. M., New Oxford ... 5.75
Hershey, H. H., York Springs ... 4.25
Kemper, W. M., Reading ... 2.85
Myers, C. H., Biglerville ... 2.85
Miller, H. L., East Berlin ... 4.55
Myers, Jno. P., Reading ... 2.85
Robinson, C. H., New Oxford ... 3.75
Rider, F. J., McSherrystown 2d ward ... 3.75
Seiberlich, Lawrence, Conowago ... 2.85
Storm, A. A., New Oxford ... 3.65
Spangler, Jno., Gettysburg 2d ward ... 3.75
Stavely, Lewis, Littlestown ... 3.75
Stahl, C. W., Littlestown ... 10.75
Weaver, J. N., Gettysburg 2d ward ... 2.85
Weisensale, A. U., Conowago ... 2.85
Weigle, Chas., Menallen ... 2.85
Yeagy, Elmer, York Springs ... 2.85
Tate, C. B., Gettysburg 2d ward ... 2.85

PUBLIC AMUSEMENT.
Palace of Amusement, Littlestown ... 25.75
Plymire, J. H., New Oxford ... 25.75
Photoplay, Gettysburg 1st ward ... 25.75
Lincoln Way Theatre, Gettysb'g 1st wd ... 30.75

WHOLESALE.
Atlantic Ref. Co., Gettysb'g 1st ward ... 7.70
Brandt, D. E., East Berlin ... 38.00
Duttera, J. H., New Oxford ... 10.25
Formwalt, W. N., Littlestown ... 3.80
Gettysburg Dept. Store Gbg. 3d ward ... 9.75
Koser, G. W., Biglerville ... 4.75
Littlestown Flour Mill & Elevator, Littlestown ... 90.75
Myers, Grover C., Tyrone ... 28.75
McIlhenny, J. W., Gettysburg 2d ward ... 16.26
Peters, Z. J., Butler ... 9.50
Rouzer, W. A., Littlestown ... 6.25
Smith, F. X. Sons, McSherrys'tn 2d w ... 10.75
The Jno. C. Lower Co., Gbg. 1st w ... 103.75
The J. A. Poist Co., McSherys'tn 2d w ... 3.93
Viner, Harry, Gettysburg 1st ward ... 8.75
Wolf, C. M., Gettysburg 1st ward ... 23.75
Tyson Bros. Inc., Menallen ... 54.80

APPEAL

Notice s hereby given to all persons interested in the above rating that an appeal will be held by the Mercantile Appraiser and the County Tresurer at the County Treasurer's Office in Gettysburg on Saturday, April 14, 1917, between the hours of 10.00 o'clock, A. M., and 3.00 o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons who may consider themselves aggrieved by said rating, may attend.

The above license must be paid before July 1st, 1917.

G. ALLEN YOHE,
Mercantile Appraiser for
Adams County, Pa.

Gettysburg, Pa.,
March 31, 1917.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the administration accounts hereinafter entered will be presented at an Orphan's Court for confirmation and allowance Saturday, April 21, 1917, at 10.30 A. M., of said day.

87. First and final account of George R. Routsong, administrator of the estate of George W. Hewitt, late of Bendersville, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

88. First and partial account of Bessie G. Long, administratrix of M. E. Long, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

89. First and final account of Alfred A. Arentz, administrator of the estate of Pius G. Arentz, late of the Township of Mt. Joy, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

90. The first and final account of E. W. Cashman, Charles G. Neely and Edgar L. Neely, executors of the will of Thomas G. Neely, late of the Borough of York Springs, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

91. The first and final account of Henry C. Earnshaw, executor of the will of Elizabeth B. Earnshaw, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

92. First and final account of John A. Brumgard, administrator c. t. a. of the estate of Eliza Jane Dressler, late of Union township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

93. First and final account of John Reed Scott, executor of the last will and testament of William Ross White, deceased, late of Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

94. First and final account of Joseph W. Bittinger, executor of the last will and testament of Mary A Eline, late of Littlestown Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

95. First and final account of Mary L. Duttera, executrix of the last will and testament of John A. Hankey, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

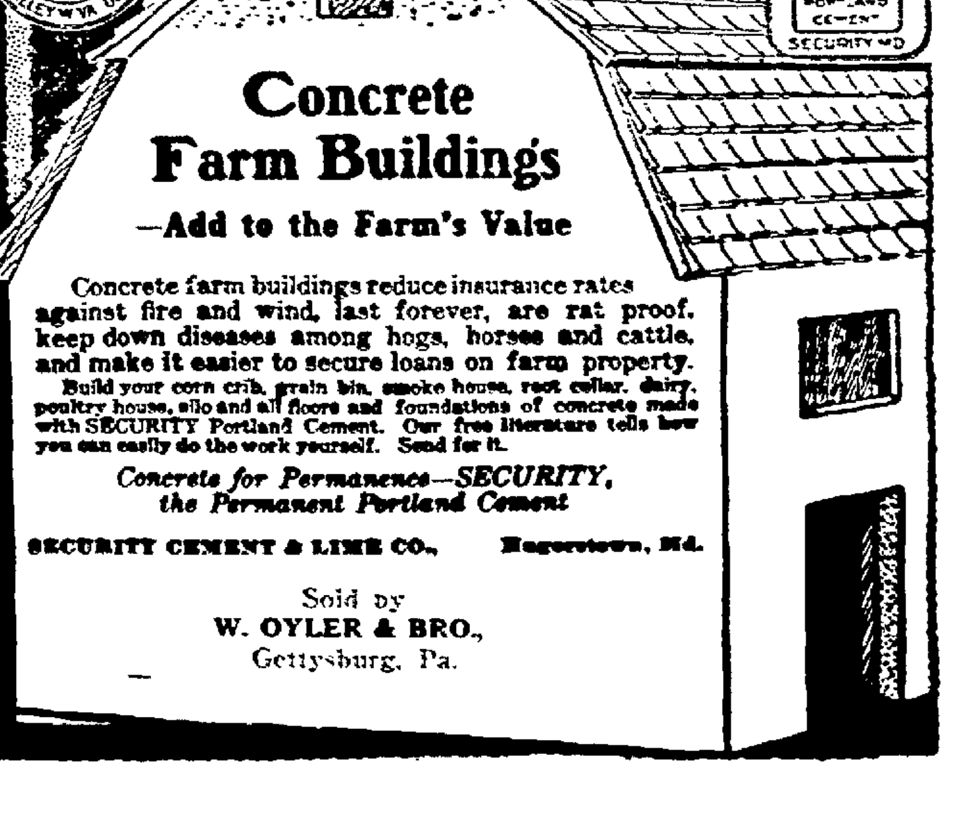
C. W. GARDNER,
Register of Wills.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John P. Hoffman, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them in legal form to

CITIZENS' TRUST CO.,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.
Or the Atty. for the Estate,
J. L. Williams, Esq.

—Mrs. Norman Stover, Carlisle street, visited relatives in Carlisle this week.



NewspaperARCHIVE®

NOTICE.

Letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of Ambrose P. Weigle, late of Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANNA L. WOLFORD,
Administratrix c. t. a.,
Gettysburg R. R.

NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob A. Bair, late of Mt. Joy township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

HARVEY E. BAIR,
Littlestown R. R.
R. S. SPONSELLER,
Gettysburg R. R.
Executors.
Or their Atty.,
Wm. Arch. McClean, Esq.

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ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE

In re: Estate of Jacob Altland, deceased.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Jacob Altland, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

S. CATHERINE ALTLAND,
Administratrix,
Reading Twp., East Berlin No. 2.

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If so you can sell Insurance for the NATIONAL TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY and earn $100 to $300 per month as special or General Agent in your county. Experience not necessary. The only Life Insurance Institution that does not insure the Drinker. PROMOTION and PERMANENT POSITION to acceptable men that make good.

John D. Knapp, Sec'y, 95 William St., New York.

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JESSE A. CASE
Dept. 841 Brockton, Mass.

Married to Trees in India.

Under the very shadow of the telegraph pole we find the tree worshipers of India. Many kinds of trees are worshiped in India for many kinds of reasons. Some are supposed to be the abode of demons who must be propitiated. The sacred bo tree under which Buddha received enlightenment is worshiped by pilgrims who come in thousands.

In some small villages where there are more women than men it often happens that there are no men of equal caste to the girl whose time has come to marry. Since the tree represents a deity which can assume any rank or caste, the parents of a marriageable daughter who has become a burden to the family take her to the village tree god and marry her to him. She is bound to the tree and left either to the mercy of prowling wild beasts or to be rescued by the first male of a lower caste who is in search of a helpmeet.—World Outlook.

Defective Eyes Cause Accidents.

"When we stop to reflect on the number of street accidents happening every year," says the New York Medical Journal, "does it ever occur to us that perhaps a certain percentage of them is due to defective vision on the part of drivers?"

Dr. James McHoul, a captain in the British army and ophthalmologist for a recruiting board, states in the British Medical Journal that of six chauffeurs examined by him recently all had defective eyes and four of them had had accidents, at least one of these having resulted in death. He urges that all persons applying for license to drive cars be subjected to rigid optical examination and that this be repeated about once a year. The New York Medical Journal says this idea is well worth taking up on this side of the Atlantic.

Leaves of the Eucalypts.

Eucalypts are evergreens which shed their bark, but not their leaves. If they are not shade trees, the leaves are placed in inclined rather than in horizontal position, and the passage of light is but little obstructed. For this reason summer trees and bushes and grass grow underneath, and the woods in places assume the appearance of a jungle from which arise the towering shafts of the trees. It is interesting to note that botanists class eucalypts as well as the pines of more modern types have horizontal leaves, pointing to a time in the geologic past when the climate was more congenial and no precautions to conserve moisture need be taken.—National Geographic Magazine.

Boiled Milk.

When boiling milk most people throw away the skin which forms as the milk cools. This skin is, of course, the cream of the milk, and by throwing it away the richness of the milk is wasted. Instead, when the milk is just boiled, put it into a jug and stand it in a basin not as deep as the jug and let cold water run into the basin to cool the milk quickly. At the same time stir the milk, and the cream will intermix again. When the milk is cold there will be no skin, and it will therefore be as rich in cream as before being boiled.

When Airmen Fly High.

Aviators have a cold time of it when they mount high into the air. On the hottest day in summer a flying man may be in the arctic regions in ten minutes by mounting to a height of 10,000 feet, just as the climber may pass through all the zones of climate by climbing Kilimanjaro, that giant peak which rises above the snow line from the equator. He commences with the tropical jungle and ends amid eternal snow. The temperature is invariably low at 10,000 feet anywhere, whether at the tropics or the poles, and it is quite likely to be lowest at the equator. In fact, there is little variation of temperature in these upper reaches of the atmosphere. It is much the same in summer as winter, except for the difference which a high wind makes. Even in the depth of a hot summer the airman will encounter 40 degrees of frost at 10,000 feet, and at twice that altitude 100 degrees of frost—the temperature of the south pole—is usual enough.

The Circuit Rider In Japan.

We are in the upper room of the neat Japanese home. We have fallen flat on our faces and exchanged greetings in the deliberate and considerate manner of the east. Beside me the captain sits on his heels, a feat which I admire the more after trying it for ever so brief a time. In the middle of the clean mat floor a small stand supports an ugly kerosene lamp, the one jarring note in that dainty home. Behind the stand sits the Japanese pastor, and in front of it sits the church treasurer, both on the floor. In recognition of my foreign training I am allowed to sit on the window sill, a silk cushion having been placed there for the purpose by the good housewife, who, after seeing every one comfortably settled, had bowed to each in turn, kneeling at a distance and almost touching her forehead to the floor, and had withdrawn with the cheerful resignation of the Japanese wife.—Christian Herald.

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINTS.

Care of Babies.

An authority on children's diseases makes the following useful "do not" suggestion in caring for babies:

Do not sneeze or cough in the baby's face.

Do not kiss the baby on the mouth or allow any one else to do so.

Do not fail to protect the baby's eyes from bright light.

Do not raise the baby without supporting its back.

Do not allow the baby to go even one day without a bowel movement.

Do not excite the baby during or immediately after nursing.

Do not forget that vomiting is usually caused from overfeeding.

Do not forget that diseases of the eye can be prevented by scrupulous care.

Do not forget that out of every 100 breast fed babies seven die in the first year and that out of every 100 bottle fed babies thirty die in the first year.

New She Hates Her.

Now she hates one of her oldest friends. Yesterday she was downtown with this friend, and just before noon she said to the other lady, "Well, I am going over here and catch my car." Then the other said to her: "Well, I am going home, too; I'll go over on Main and catch mine. I am awfully glad I ran across you, and I want you to come to see me real soon." Martha said she would, and the two parted. A few minutes later Martha went into a place to get a bite of something to eat, and what do you think? Yes, there she was—eating lunch. "I didn't want her to ask me to go to lunch with her," Martha explained to us after she returned from town, "but I don't see why she wanted to slip away. I don't see why she wanted to pretend that she was going home. I am sure I am able to buy my own lunch, but I want her to return those patterns she borrowed, and I never expect to set foot in her house again."—Claude Callan in Fort Worth Star-Telegraph.

The Trouble With Alice.

"Alice has a very poor figure. She has no waist, and so she doesn't yearn for clothes."

"I see. It's a case of waist not, want not."

Thoroughness.

"When I take up an idea," said the egoist, "I cover it completely."

"You do more than that," replied the satirist; "you bury it."—Exchange.

Wise Woman.

"It was Cervantes, was it not, who said, 'No man is born wise?'"

"Perhaps it was, but women found it out long before Cervantes did."

Falsehood, like a nettle, stings those who meddle with it.—Anonymous.

A Philosopher.

"My! You wanted fried potatoes, didn't you?" said the careless waitress as the customer in the restaurant finished his meal and rose to leave.

"That's all right," answered the patient man. "I've wanted so many things all my life that I didn't get that I'm used to it."—Exchange.

Overplayed His Part.

"You are exquisite!" he raved. "Your eyes are lustrous, your complexion divine. Do you think you could be contented as a poor man's wife?"

"No," replied the girl frankly. "I'm pretty enough for the movies if I'm as pretty as all that."—Pittsburgh Post.

Must Be.

"I'm really worried about my wife."

"What's the matter?"

"I don't know. There must be something radically wrong with her because she says she isn't taking the slightest interest in the new styles."—Detroit Free Press.

While He Waited In the Parlor.

Mr. Sooper (to her kid brother)—May I hope to see your sister pretty soon? Kid Brother—You'll see her pretty, all right. She's been fixin' up to beat the band.—Exchange.

Hunting Happiness.

In the American Magazine a writer says:

"Men have been living on this world for many centuries. They have traded in their lives for many different things—fame, money, power. But the consensus of opinion through the ages is that the thing most to be desired is happiness. No man can be really happy unless his conscience is clear. Therefore it pays to be honest and to treat the other fellow as one would like to be treated. No one can be happy who sacrifices his health. Therefore fame and too much money, either of which usually demand health in exchange, are not to be desired. No man can have the highest happiness unless he can feel that he is doing a little good by living, that he is going to leave the world a bit better after he has gone. Therefore it pays to bring children into the world and care for them. It pays to be a good neighbor and a good employer and a good friend."

The Man Who Thinks.

A man with dirty face and hands, shirt soaked with perspiration, stopped, laid down his dinner bucket, rolled a broken knuckle out of the pathway between the tracks, put it close up against the ends of the ties, where no one could stumble over it, picked up his dinner bucket and plodded home.

More than fifty other employees had preceded this man, each one carefully picking his way around the obstruction.

I asked this man why he took the trouble to roll the knuckle out of the pathway. He seemed surprised at such a question and said, "Why, some of the boys might get a bad fall if that knuckle was there after dark." I said, "All the other men passed it by," and he replied: "Oh, they're all good boys. They'd have done the same thing if they'd thought about it."

He said something, didn't he?

"If they'd thought about it." Ah, yes, "if they'd thought about it."—Erie Railroad Magazine.

Insects Are Curious.

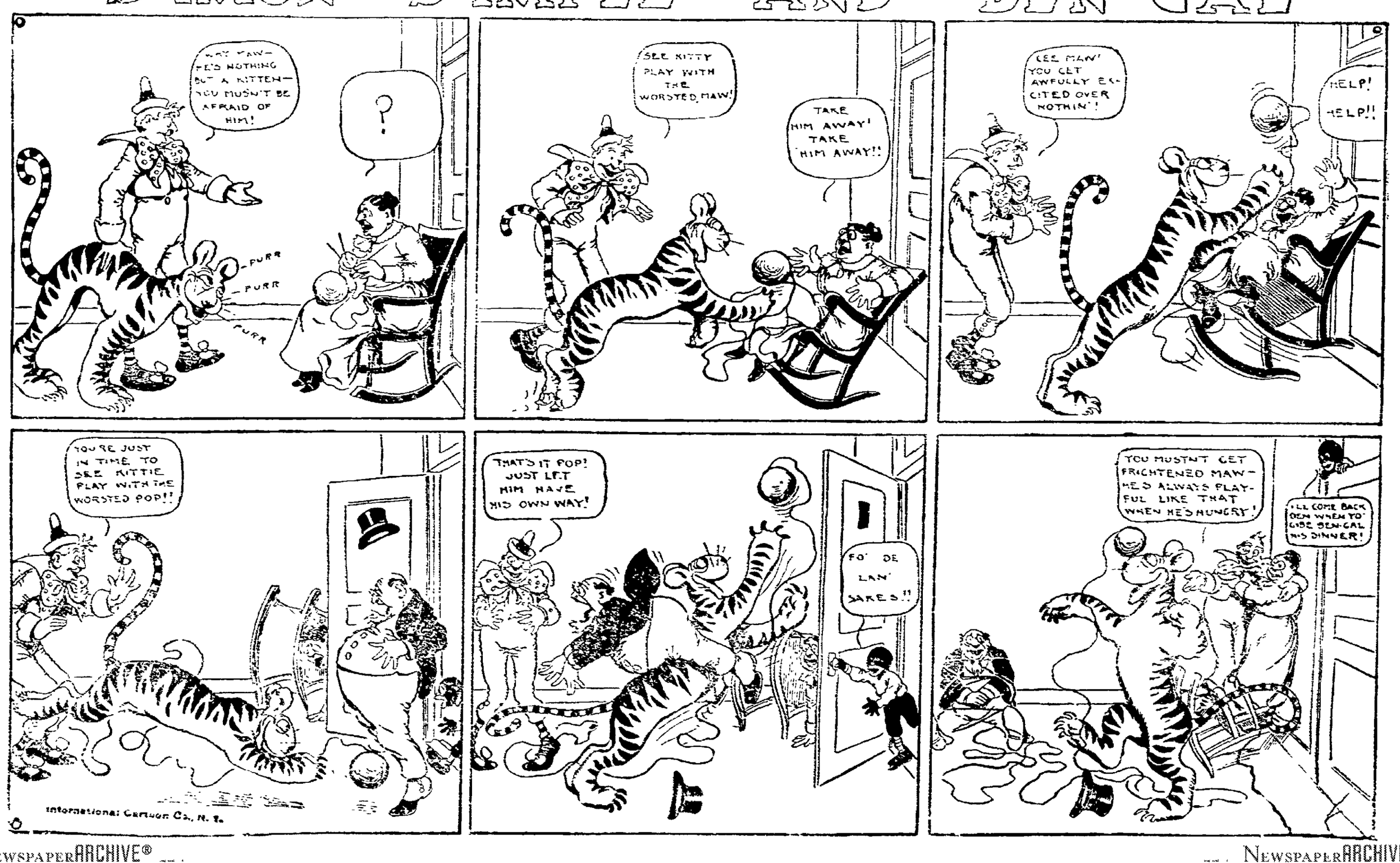
In many ways the structure of insects is wonderful. They are gifted with muscles of extraordinary strength and are yet destitute of bones to which those muscles can be attached. They possess a circulatory system and are without a heart. They perform acts involving the exercise of certain mental qualities and are without a brain. But more remarkable still, they breathe atmospheric air without the aid of lungs. If we take any moderately large insect, say a wasp or a hornet, we can see even with the naked eye that a series of small spotlike marks run along either side of the body. These marks or spots, which are generally eighteen in number, are in fact the doorways through which the air is admitted into the system and are usually formed in such a manner that no extraneous matter can by any possibility find entrance.

Handsome Serenity.

"George Washington was never guilty of deception."

"Maybe not. I don't believe, in fact, that he ever looked like his pictures on our postage stamps. But, of course, he wasn't responsible for them."—Washington Star.

104 SIMON SIMPLE AND "BEN-GAL"



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From Farm to City

How a Country Boy Became a Lion In Society.

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

Sam Atkins was a farmer boy.

Sam had met Jennie Williams at a barn dance, and then and there had commenced the union of hearts that grows stronger quickly when planted in youthful breasts. Jennie was a good girl, a pretty girl and in every respect worthy of Sam.

One day Sam was running his car on the road and just about to turn into the farm gate when he heard another car coming behind him. Looking backward, he saw that it contained a woman who was grasping the wheel, she being the only person in the car. She was approaching a turn in the road just beyond the Atkins farm, and her eyes were fixed in terror on it. On the outer curve was a slope, which it was evident she dreaded, for as she passed Sam she was crying: "Over the bank! Over the bank!"

Sam was off the road, so that he escaped the car, which was evidently beyond the lady's control. As soon as she had passed him he gave chase, passed her, shut off power in his machine, jumped out and as the other car went by him jumped on to the footboard. Once there, he stopped the car just as it was about to plunge over the slope.

Then he saw that the woman driving it was a lady in an immaculate costume, the car being a handsome one and containing the richest upholstery and wraps. She fainted the moment the danger had passed and remained unconscious for half a minute. During this brief interval Sam cast a glance at his own modest car, which had been wrecked against a tree, then at the sumptuous appointments of the one he had saved.

"Why didn't you shut her off?" said Sam.

"I was paralyzed with fear."

"Do you think you can get on now?"

"I wouldn't try it again for the world. I've been taking lessons. This is the first time I have been out alone."

Sam took the wheel and drove the lady to her home, a magnificent country place suited to the requirements of a multimillionaire. She invited him into the house and said to him:

"But for you I would now be lying crushed under my car. Your car has been wrecked. I will see that a new one is sent you of such make as you may choose. This is simply to replace your loss. For saving my life ask any boon, and if in my power it shall be granted."

Sam protested that he had done nothing that any one else would not have done under the circumstances and the lady owed him nothing. She persisted, and he said that he had always had a fancy to mingle for a brief season among persons of wealth. If the lady would give him an opportunity to attend a ball she would have repaid any debt she might owe him.

She looked him over from head to foot, evidently taking in his natural fitness for taking a place among the elite, then went to an escritoire and wrote a check for $1,000, payable to bearer, and handed it to him.

"The first thing you will need," she said, "is clothes—I mean clothes for daily wear and for evening dress. Draw the money on this check and dress yourself as a city man. Then go to a dancing master and have him teach you what he can of etiquette and anything else you may need to fit yourself to appear in society. As soon as he reports to me that you are sufficiently equipped for the purpose I will give a ball at which I will introduce you to society."

Sam held the check in his hand, doubtful whether to accept or return it. The lady saw what was on his mind and told him that it would be unkind and ungenerous in him to refuse her the privilege of rewarding him for preserving her very existence. So Sam yielded. She then wrote the name and address of the proprietor of a fashionable dancing school and, after giving him such a luncheon as he had never sat down to before, sent him off to prepare himself for an appearance in a ballroom.

Sam went right away to his sweetheart and told her of his adventure and its result. Jennie looked grave and told him that he would never be satisfied again with country life, that he would aspire to marry some girl whom he would meet in high life and all would be over between him and his country love.

Sam protested with his lips, but not by his looks. So wrapt in the future was he that he scarcely heard what Jennie was saying. They parted, Sam to go to the city to buy new clothes and find the dancing master, Jennie to her room to weep.

Now, Jennie was an excellent seamstress and was doing some sewing for a Mrs. Trehorne, a wealthy woman who spent her summers at her country residence, half a dozen miles from Jennie's home. Mrs. Trehorne would send her auto for Jennie in the morning and send her back in the evening, the girl spending the day at such inferior work as was required. The day after the parting between the lovers Jennie went to her daily work and appeared so disconsolate that her employer asked her what was troubling her. Jennie told her story and received sympathy. A day or two later while Jennie was plying her needle Mrs. Trehorne said to her:

"Jennie, how would you like to go to the ball that your sweetheart is to attend?"

Jennie looked up at her questioner with a radiance that was a more speaking reply than words. Then her employer said that she had been thinking of the matter and resolved to do for her what was to be done for Sam. She told Jennie to drop her work, go home and prepare for a removal to another locality.

Mrs. Trehorne sent Jennie to her daughter in the city with a letter unfolding her plan and asking her to prepare the girl for an appearance in society. Miss Sophie Trehorne, a girl of twenty, at once fell in with her mother's plan to give Jennie the advantage that was afforded her lover. Miss Trehorne made inquiries among her friends and learned that the lady whose life Sam had saved was a Mrs. Iddleton, a leader in society and an acquaintance of the Trehornes.

It was a month after Jennie and Sam entered upon preparation for an entry into fashionable life that the dancing master reported to Mrs. Iddleton that Sam Atkins was as well prepared to attend a ball in high life as he could be, except by a long period of coaching, and even then he would smack of the country. The result was that Mrs. Iddleton issued invitations for a ball at her city residence. Sam was to be the guest of honor as an acknowledgment of Mrs. Iddleton's gratitude for having saved her life when her automobile was running away with her. The Trehorne family were invited, including their guest, Jennie Williams.

The Iddleton ball was one of the very largest of the season. It was not given at the town residence of the Iddletons, but at Swinton's, a fashionable restaurant with entertaining rooms on the higher floors. Miss Trehorne left Jennie in care of her brother and sought the hostess, who was receiving with the guest of honor beside her. An introduction between Sam and Miss Trehorne resulted, and the girl remained with him till the dancing began, and he was obliged to ask her to be his partner.

Mrs. Iddleton had arranged to open her ball with an old square dance, the lancers. Miss Trehorne led Sam from one end of the ballroom toward a set forming in the center, and her brother conducted Jennie in the same direction. The music started up as soon as this set was formed, and Sam, being out of his natural element, was so flustered that he saw no individual present but a medley of men and women moving about. The first he saw of Jennie was in the figure where one couple confronts another and all bow. Sam was about to bend his body before a lady when—

Was he dreaming? Had he gone daft? Had he died and been born into another world?

There before him, robed in a cloud of silk and lace, smiling at him, was Jennie Williams.

He was brought to himself by his partner tugging at him to turn his back on Jennie and bow to the opposite couple.

Sam did not recover from his surprise during the dance. He blundered at every turn; but, fortunately for him, others blundered as well, for the lancers had not been danced before in years, and nearly all the dancers were unfamiliar with it. It was not till the last figure in the dance, the grand chain, that Sam recovered his senses. Then, while passing round, grasping the hand of one lady after another, he came to Jennie. The hand pressure, the loving look, she gave him not only steadied him, but warmed his heart to her as never before. He had seen her dressed in the plain costume of a country girl; now she appeared with all the elegance of an artistic costume.

When the dance was ended Miss Trehorne took her brother's arm and walked away, leaving Sam and Jennie standing together. Jennie, who had acquired the manners of a lady even to a greater degree than Sam had acquired those of a gentleman, rested her gloved hand lightly on Sam's arm, and together they went to seats lined against the wall. There Jennie told her story.

Soon Sam was called away to be introduced as the lion of the evening. [illegible] the flattering words that [illegible] him, he was bored. There was a [illegible] in everything about him that [illegible] him. Nothing seemed sincere.

Sam remained there a week, and it was the most miserable week of his life. It seemed that all his time was taken up [illegible] breaking in [illegible]. He was introduced [illegible] but he did not see that [illegible] had anything to do but drink [illegible] and smoke. He was taken to [illegible], but it seemed to him that the people there were manikins for showing the fashions. At the end of the week he told Mrs. Iddleton that she had repaid any debt she might owe him and he was pining for a breath of country air. She offered to send him home in her auto, but he preferred to "get a hitch" on a market wagon.

Jennie had returned to her home the day after the ball. The day Sam returned she was taking a walk down the road when Sam, who had donned his country clothes, came along in the wagon. Seeing her, he jumped out and folded her in his arms.

"Jennie," he said, "the only advantage city people have over us is in their clothes. In all other respects we have the advantage of them. I'm going to save up and buy you a swell costume and dress you up in it once a month. At all other times I'd rather have you as you are."

Making a Garden.

Agriculture is nearly as old as man, and since it began it is probable that farmers have been studying out balanced rations for domestic animals, but even yet few housekeepers have any real scientific ideas on feeding the family. Your state agricultural college or the department of agriculture, Washington, can help you out in this, and you should take the matter into consideration in making your garden and see to it that your vegetables include the most nutritious and health giving properties. Every farmer knows that when a horse works all day he should receive certain feed and when he is idle—in rainy weather, for instance—he gets different rations. How about a man or a child? Do you know how to set your table to get the maximum results and keep perfect health? Do you serve the same food to the men working in the heat of the harvest field, to the boy going to school and to the babies? Your garden should contribute to the health and happiness of each.—Reclamation Record.

Might Have Changed History.

Here is the story of an averted tragedy which, if it had not been averted, might have changed the whole course of modern history in Europe. The time was about three weeks after Sadowa. The place was the little village of Pirsdorf, about thirty miles from Vienna. King William of Prussia and Bismarck were there, and they sat down on a terrace outside a small cafe to drink beer. Kern, an Austrian forester, saw them. He regarded them as the deadly enemies of his country. He was an excellent marksman, and he had his double barreled gun with him. Taking aim from behind cover, he was about to fire when his wife, seeing what he was after and fearing the consequences, clutched him by the coattails. He turned to argue with her, and before the argument was finished the king and his chancellor had disappeared. So nothing happened. But if Kern had been allowed to fire there might have been no German empire.

Joy of Pockets.

The pocket has to be lacked before it is properly appreciated, the London Chronicle says. This writer had taken his pockets as a matter of course until one evening he attended a fancy dress ball in costume which, he discovered when too late to remedy the defect, was absolutely pocketless. The question at once arose what to do with pocket handkerchief, money, cloakroom ticket, and so on. The handkerchief, of course, went up his sleeve, but it took some minutes to devise receptacles for coins and other necessaries in the lining of the cap, the heels of the shoes and the cuff of the coat. All night long, however, he felt lost through having no place to thrust his hands into. Since then he finds himself frequently putting his hands into his pockets to experience the sheer joy of knowing that they are there.

A Thirty-three Year Job.

The founder of "synthetic philosophy," so called as being an attempt at fusing all the sciences into a whole, was Herbert Spencer. It was in 1859, when he was about forty, that Spencer projected his scheme of philosophy, based on the principle of evolution in its relation to life, mind, society and morals. He proposed a scheme requiring him to complete eleven volumes in twenty years, but he was thirty-three years at work on it, and then it had [illegible] exceeded the original scope. To the accomplishment of his self imposed [illegible] task he devoted all of his [illegible], strength and mental powers, [illegible] refusing honors and titles. [illegible] from infancy, he yet lived to pass his eighty-third milestone.—Chicago Journal.

Passing Counterfeits.

Johnny [illegible] passing counterfeit money [illegible], isn't it? Papa [illegible] Well, papa, if a man was walking along the street and saw a [illegible] dollar counterfeit bill upon the [illegible] and did not pick it up [illegible] of passing counterfeit [illegible], and couldn't he be arrested [illegible] in jail? Papa—More [illegible] the lunatic asylum. Now you [illegible] my son.—Cincinnati [illegible]

[illegible] Later.

[illegible] I had the [illegible] here tonight. [illegible] they are all gone now. [illegible] as medicine. [illegible] Brother—Yes; father [illegible] she'd be a drug on the market [illegible] doesn't catch on to some fellow [illegible]

Quick Work.

"That editor is terribly slow at reading manuscript."

"Think so? Why, I know the time he went through twelve stories in less than a minute."

"Gracious! When was that?"

"When the elevator broke."—Philadelphia Press.

An Individual Preference.

"What's your favorite animal?"

"A goldfish," replied Mr. Meekton. "It doesn't sing or have to be put out of the house at night."—Washington Star.

Used to It.

"I beg your pardon. I didn't mean to step on your foot."

"That's all right. I walk on 'em myself."—Ohio Sundial.

He Went.

He (11 p. m. at the piano)—What shall I sing next? She—"Home, Sweet Home," without any variations.—Puck.

He that wrestles with us strengthens our nerves and sharpens our skill. Our antagonist is our helper.—Burke.

A Small Boy's Invention.

Sir Hiram Maxim began to invent almost as soon as he could lisp. When but a small boy he invented a sort of sextant made of wood, with sights, a piece of thread with a bullet at the end and an indicator for the thread to swing along.

On a dark night he took his instrument outside, and while he sighted it to the north star his little sister read the indicator. "Forty-five, Hiram!" she called out. This meant they were living in 45 degrees north latitude. The observation proved to be perfectly accurate.

Pay Bills Promptly.

If you pay bills promptly the man you owe will be inclined to pay his debts at once. There's an old saying that "those who go borrowing go sorrowing." You'll never contract the habit of running into debt if you meet your obligations when they are due. Paying up makes for business efficiency. There are some men rated wealthy who find it hard to get credit. Other men with nothing often can borrow vast sums. Their credit is good. They always meet their obligations. You have heard it said, "I'd sooner take that man's word than another man's bond." Be one of these men with the word. Try paying your bills promptly and see how it works.

CORRECT ENGLISH

HOW TO USE IT

Josephine Turck Baktr, Editor

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE

For Progressive Men and Women, Business and Professional; Club-Women, Teachers, Students, Ministers, Doctors, Lawyers, Stenographers, and for all who wish to Speak and Write Correct English.

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Pronunciations with Illustrative Sentences
Helps for Speakers
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Business English For the Business Man
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Correct English For the Advanced Pupil
Shall and Will: How to Use Them
Should and Would: How to Use Them
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EVANSTON, ILLINOIS

Please mention this paper.

Josephine Turck Baker's Stanlard Magazine and Books are recommended by this paper.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Advertisement

By miscalculation in setting the time lock on the large vault in the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, New Oxford, on Thursday afternoon to reopen on Saturday morning (the Bank being closed on Good Friday) the vault remained closed until 6.10 o'clock on Saturday evening. Considerable inconvenience was caused in transacting the banking business on Saturday through the error.

For Constipation.

Mr. L. H. Farnham, a prominent druggist of Spirit Lake, Iowa, says: "Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are certainly the best thing on the market for constipation." Give these tablets a trial. You are certain to find them agreeable and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free. For sale by The People's Drug Store.
Advertisement.

The 36 foot flag pole, the gift of County Commissioner Harry B. Slagle, was raised by the Oxford township school directors at Red Hill school on Monday morning. The flag was secured through the efforts of the teacher and pupils.

A Healing Salve for Burns, Chapped Hands and Sore Nipples.

As a healing salve for burns, sores, sore nipples and chapped hands Chamberlain's Salve is most excellent. It allays the pain of a burn almost instantly, and unless the injury is very severe, heals the parts without leaving a scar. Price, 25 cents. For sale by The People's Drug Store.
Advertisement

The Solana family, Spaniards, consisting of three boys and three girls, from San Antonio, Texas, arrived at St. Joseph's Academy, McSherrystown, last week, where they will undergo instruction.

You Can Make Money

right around your home, just as hundreds of men and women are doing. Work is easy, pleasant and permanently profitable. Be your own boss and build your own business. You take no risk, make sure profit right along. Send name, address, one reference. L. BROWN, 66 Murray St New York City.

NOTICE

Letters testamentary on the estate of Catherine M. W. Foster, late of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate paymtnt, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

WM. ARCH. McCLEAN,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
Advertisement.

The Emmitsburg Motor Car Co. will shortly put on the daily run between Emmitsburg and Thurmont a new 15 passenger, electric lighted and heated pay-as-you-enter-bus.

William A. Taughinbaugh is teaching at McCurdy's, Greenmount, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mrs. John Mohler. Robert K. Stultz is ttaching at Scott's school in Franklin township in place of E. W. Hartman, resigned. E. S. Wenger has resigned as the teacher at Idaville school and Mrs. Jennie Hoffman is finishing the work. Mrs. Gilbert Hoffman has replaced Miss Fairy Straley at the Sunnyside school and Miss Straley has taken Miss Edith Folmer's school in Conewago township, the latter having accepted a position in York.

Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup is the only baby medicine that is always safe. Teething made easy. No bad nights.
Advertisement.

Five weeks ago Harry Smith, 14 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Amos Smith of near East Berlin, was thrown from a horse and suffered a broken leg. On Saturday he was out walking for the first time and in some manner tripped while standing on the step and fell, snapping the bone at the place where it had been broken before.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Advertisement

Wesley Laughman, the broom maker of New Chester, during the three winter months converted enough broom corn into the finished product to tally 1737 brooms.

Insomnia.

Indigestion nearly always disturbs the sleep more or less, and is often the cause of insomnia. Eat a light supper with little if any meat, and no milk; also take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper, and see if you do not rest much better. Obtainable everywhere.
Advertisement.

John L. Myers, residing near the stone bridge on the Carlisle pike a short distance from Hampton, reports a chicken egg that measures 7 1-4 x 8 inches.

Accidents will happen, but the best regulated families keep Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil for such emergencies. Two sizes 25 and 50c. at all stores.
Advertisement.

Frank Eicholtz of route 12, Gettysburg, enjoyed a sleigh ride to New Chester and return on Monday, April 9th.

Why Constipation Injures.

The bowels are the natural sewerage system of the body. When they become obstructed by constipation a part of the poisonous matter which they should carry off is absorbed into the system, making you feel dull and stupid, and interfering with the digestion and assimilation of food. This condition is quickly relieved by Chamberlain's Tablets. Obtainable everywhere.
Advertisement

A Moller pipe organ is being installed in St. John's Lutheran church at Littlestown. One-half of the expense is being defrayed by Andrew Carnegie.

Spring Colds Are Dangerous.

Sudden changes of temperature and underwear bring spring colds with stuffed up head, sore throat and general cold symptoms. A dose of Dr. King's New Discovery is sure relief, this happy combination of antiseptic balsams clears the head, soothes the irritated membranes and what might have been a lingering cold is broken up. Don't stop treatment when relief is first felt as a half cured cold is dangerous. Take Dr. King's New Discovery till your cold is gone.
Advertisement.

No false pretense has marked the career of Ely's Cream Balm. Being entirely harmless, it is not responsible like the catarrh snuffs and powders, for minds shattered by cocaine. The great virtue of Ely's Cream Balm is that it speedily and completely overcomes nasal catarrh and hay fever. Back of this statement is testimony of thousands and a reputation of many years' success. All druggists, 50c. or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.
Advertisement.

Spring.

Spring is looked upon by many as the most delightful season of the year, but this cannot be said of the rheumatic. The cold and damp weather brings rheumatic pains which are anything but pleasant. They can be relieved, however, by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Obtainable everywhere.
Advertisement.

While Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gebhart, near New Oxford, were spending an evening with Joseph Glass, a neighbor, thieves visited the Gebhart smokehouse and removed the meat of five hogs and half a beef. Two sons were at home but they did not hear the thieves operate.



Advertisement.

Fickle weather. Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup is always dependable. Doctors prescribe it. Write for free Sample.
Advertisement.

Vandals sawed down the flag that floated over Ash Grove school, in Germany township, some time Thursday night. The flag was recently raised with patriotic services conducted by the P. O. S. of A., and each night the teacher, John Wisler, took it down. Thursday, however, he overlooked his customary work and the next morning found the staff cut off and the flag stolen.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Advertisement

Curtis Peters of near Biglerville, sustained a bad sprain to his right arm when he was thrown from a horse last week.

Sloan's Liniment For Rheumatism.

The torture of rheumatism, the pains and aches that make life unbearable are relieved by Sloan's Liniment, a clean clear liquid that is easy to apply and more effective than mussy plasters or ointments because it penetrates quickly without rubbing. For the many pains and aches following exposure, strains, sprains and muscle soreness, Sloan's Liniment is promptly effective. Always have a bottle handy for gout, lumbago, toothache, backache, stiff neck and all external pains. At druggists 25c.
Advertisement

Post office clerks are not to be given their usual vacations this year according to an order from the department at Washington. At the same time it has been ordered that no letters or other mail matter addressed to Germany shall be forwarded.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man an unhappy slave. For impure blood and sluggish liver, use Burdock Blood Bitters. On the market 35 years. $1.00 a bottle.
Advertisement.

The United Grocery Corporation of Dayton, Ohio, has purchased the Orrtanna Canning Company's plant. Recently they bought two establishments at Grantham and one at York Springs, while they are putting up another at Peach Glen.

Itch! Itch! Itch! — Scratch! Scratch! Scratch! The more you scratch, the worse the itch. Try Doan's Ointment. For eczema, any skin itching, 50c. a box.
Advertisement

C. R. Fissel has purchased the eight acre farm of Israel Harner at Barlow, formerly known as the Josephus Mills property. The terms of the sale were private.

Worms Make Children Fretful.

Children suffering from worms are dull and irritable, puny and weak, often grind their teeth and cry out in sleep, being a constant source of worry to their parents. Kickapoo Worm Killer is a mild laxative remedy in candy tablet form that children like to take. Promptly effective, it kills and removes the worm from the system. Irregular appetite and bowel movement, lack of interest in play are sure signs of worms. Relieve your child of this burden. At all druggists, 25c.
Advertisement.

Jacob Wiener, a Carlisle merchant and real estate owner, was the first in Carlisle to rally to the call of the state authorities for food preparedness. He announced Friday that all of his property in Carlisle embracing some 40 acres of building land will be proportioned out for gardens among those who make application.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Advertisement

Tender was made Friday to United States ordnance department of the Crawford automobile works at Hagerstown for any service for which the Government may see fit to use it.

Safe Medeiine for Children.

"Is it safe?" is the first question to be considered when buying cough medicine for children. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has long been a favorite with mothers of young children as it contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidently as to an adult. It is pleasant to take, too, which is of great importance when a medicine must be given to young children. This remedy is most effectual in relieving coughs, colds, and croup. Obtainable everywhere.
Advertisement.

Friday morning there was a small fire in the home of Mr. D. H. Guise, near Emmitsburg. It seemed very dangerous at the start, but by prompt action it was soon checked. There was very small damage done.

Harsh physics react, weaken the bowels, will lead to chronic constipation. Doan's Regulets operate easily. 25c. a box at all stores.
Advertisement.

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